

ISMDB

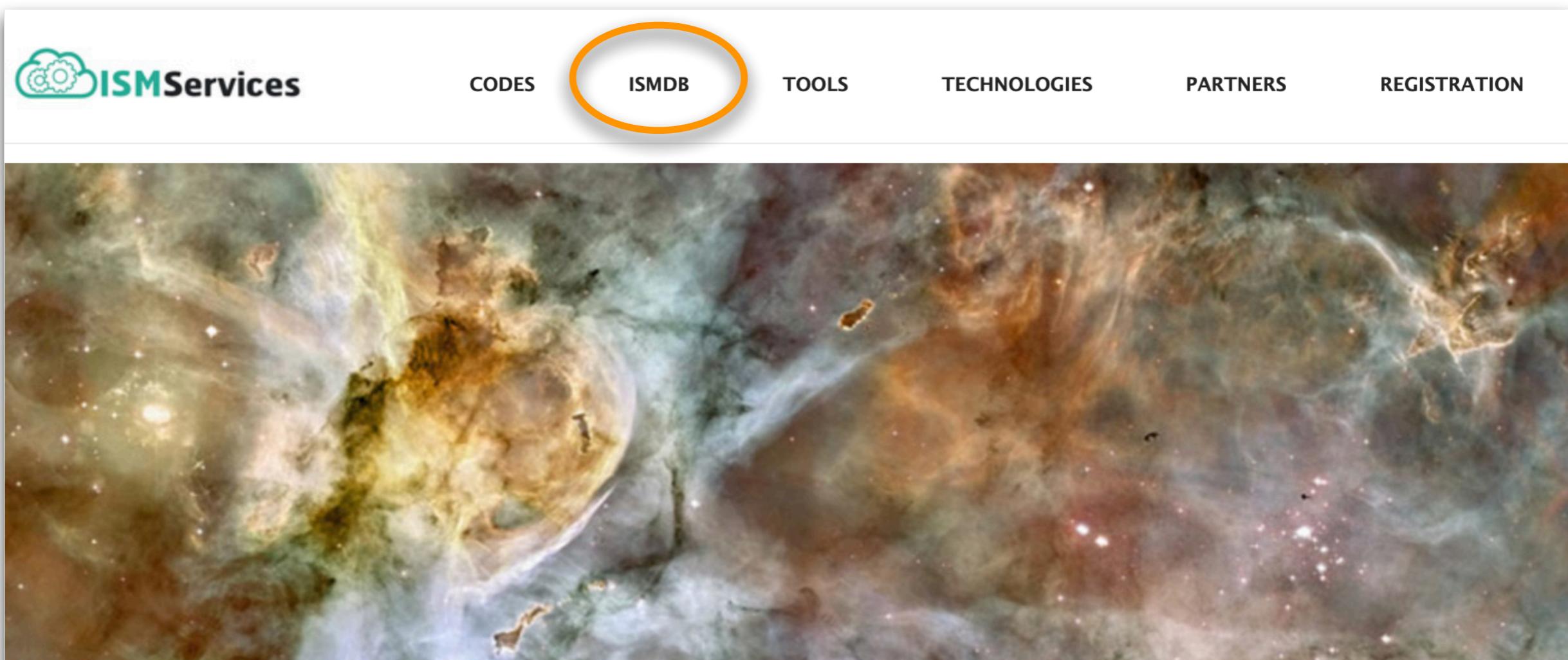
Interstellar Medium Database

Emeric Bron, David Languignon, Franck Le Petit, Nicolas Moreau

Interstellar medium database

SNO5 Plateforme MIS & Jets

<http://ism.obspm.fr>



The screenshot shows the homepage of the ISM Services platform. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the following items: 'ISM Services' (with a gear icon), 'CODES', 'ISMDB' (which is circled in orange), 'TOOLS', 'TECHNOLOGIES', 'PARTNERS', and 'REGISTRATION'. Below the navigation bar is a large, colorful image of a nebula or interstellar cloud. At the bottom of the page, there are four sections with titles in bold teal text: 'PDR Code', 'DustEM', 'Shock', and 'Galactica'. Each section has a brief description below it.

PDR Code The Meudon PDR Code	DustEM Dust Emission	Shock Paris-Durham Schock model	Galactica MHD simulations data base
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The ISM Platform gathers numerical services to prepare and interpret observations of the interstellar medium and of astrophysical jets. It provides access to several state-of-the-art numerical codes, databases of pre-computed numerical simulations and tools to analyze the results. These services are developed and maintained by scientists and software engineers of [Paris Observatory / Paris Astronomical Data Center, IAS / IDOC, IRAP / GSO Data Center](#) and at [CEA](#). They are developed in the context of the Virtual Observatory and are part of the national “services d’observation” recognized by INSU/CNRS to support research in astrophysics.

Motivations

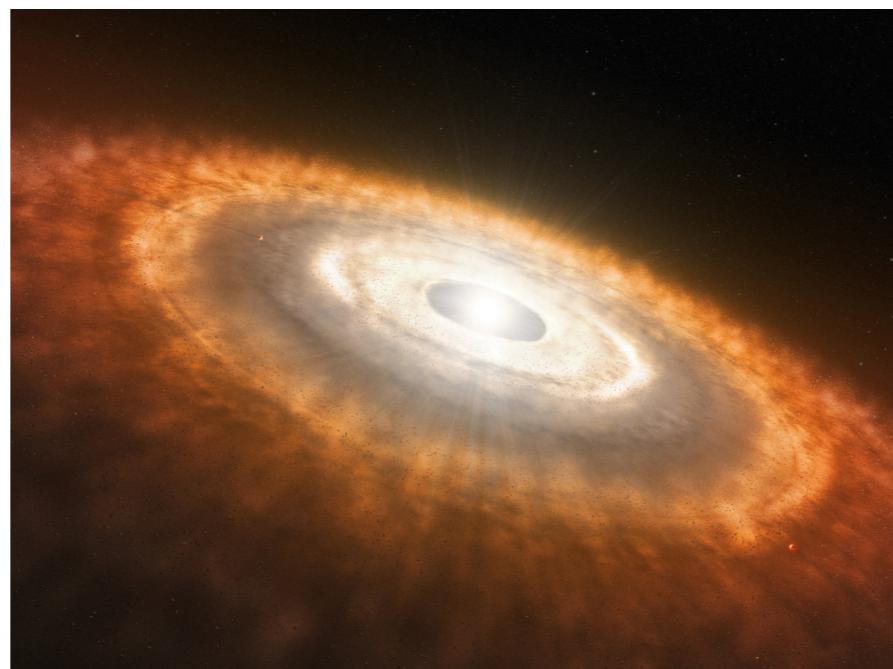
Diffuser des **modèles numériques de référence du milieu interstellaire**

→ **modèles calculant la structure chimique et thermiques de régions interstellaires**

Ex : modèles de régions de photo-dissociation, chocs, ...

Applications larges

- Milieu interstellaire de notre Galaxie
- Gaz extragalactique
- Disques circumstellaires
- ...



Services avancés permettant de répondre à des questions scientifiques

- Interprétation d'observations
- Préparation de campagnes d'observations

Simulations from different teams are published in ISMDB



Codes Tools Technologies Partners

Published projects

Code filters :

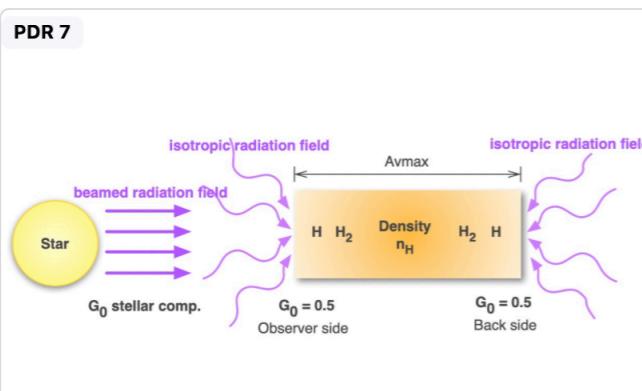
PDR 7

Paris Durham Shock Code 1.1.0

PDR 1.5.4

PDR 1.5.2

KOSMA-tau 1.0.0



Constant density PDR 7 models

[P7G1E20BG_n_240909]

September 09, 2024

Fit models to observations

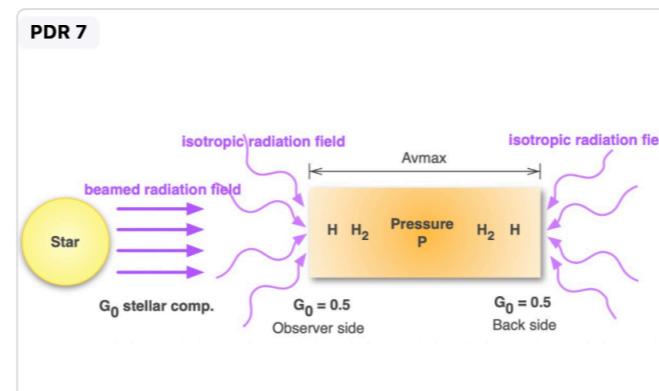
Produced by

Browse models

ISM Services

	Min	Max
AVmax	1	30
nH	10	1e+10
G0 stellar component	1	1e+05

This grid of isobaric PDR 7 models (revision 2118) covers photo-dominated regions conditions. Explored parameters are the proton density, the



Isobaric PDR 7 models

[P7G1E20BG_P_240819]

August 19, 2024

Fit models to observations

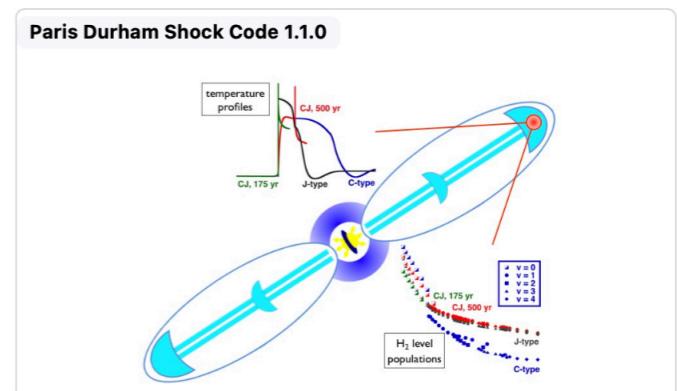
Produced by

Browse models

ISM Services

	Min	Max
AVmax	1	30
Pressure	1e+03	1e+09
G0 stellar component	1	1e+05

This grid of isobaric PDR 7 models (revision 2118) covers photo-dominated regions conditions. Explored parameters are the gas thermal pressure.



Low velocity shock models ($qPAH=1e-8$)

[shockgrid_110_q1m8_2022]

May 04, 2022

Browse models

Produced by

ISM Services

	Min	Max
beta magnetic	0.1	10
Shock speed	2	90
Initial density	1e+02	1e+08
τ_{tot}	10^{-17}	10^{-15}

This grid of shock models is run with the Paris-Durham Shock code (version 1.1.0, revision 115). It covers low velocity shocks propagating

Model browser

ISMServices CODES ISMDB PARTNERS REGISTRATION

Projects > P7G1E20BG_n_240909 Help Contact

Search models by input parameters

P7G1E20BG_n_240909

Select a value for each parameter

nH (cm-3)

10	35	100	350	1.0e+3
3.5e+3	1.0e+4	3.5e+4	1.0e+5	3.5e+5
1.0e+6	3.5e+6	1.0e+7	3.5e+7	1.0e+8
3.5e+8	1.0e+9	3.5e+9	1.0e+10	

G0 stellar component (Habing)

1	3.5	10	35	100
350	1.0e+3	3.5e+3	1.0e+4	3.5e+4
1.0e+5				

AVmax (mag)

1	2	5	7	10
20	30			

1. Select parameters

At each selection, the unauthorized combinations are grayed out.

To deselect a value, click the button again.

2. Click on submit

The button "Get model" is not available as long as more than 1 model is found.

Get model

Inverse Search

The inverse search interface allows to :

- plot contour maps in the parameter space
- find best models that reproduce observations

Isobaric PDR 1.5.4 models
Date: August 26, 2021 Code: PDR 1.5.4 (2090), Project ID: P154G3_P_210723

**Produced by
Meudon ISMteam**
ISMServices

1 – Search among two parameters

x Pressure cm⁻³ K log scale

y chi front ISRF log scale

2 – Fix all the other parameters (reset all)

AVmax mag ---

3 – Observational constraints

Quantity search bar
Search for available quantities... Ex: N(H) **Use**

Info
Start typing a quantity name and select among autocomplete suggestions.
Then, click "Use" to copy the quantity to the constraints list below

Selected observational constraints

"N(H2)" > 2.3e16
(/ "N(H)" "N(H2)")
"Intensity of H2 28.2196 micrometres face on"
"I(H2 2-1 S(1)) face on"

Search

Info
You can do operations on quantities. The syntax is:
(op "quantity1" "quantity2")

The available operators are +, -, /, *
For example:
(/ "I(H2 2-1 S(1)) face on" "I(H2 1-0")

Inverse Search

ISMServices CODES ISMDB TOOLS TECHNOLOGY PARTNERS REGISTRATION

Projects > P154G3_P_210723

ISMDB – Inverse Search

The inverse search interface allows to :

- plot contour maps in the parameter space
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Date: August 26, 2021 Code: PDR 1.5.4 (2090), Project ID: P154G3_P_210723

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AVmax mag ---

3 – Observational constraints

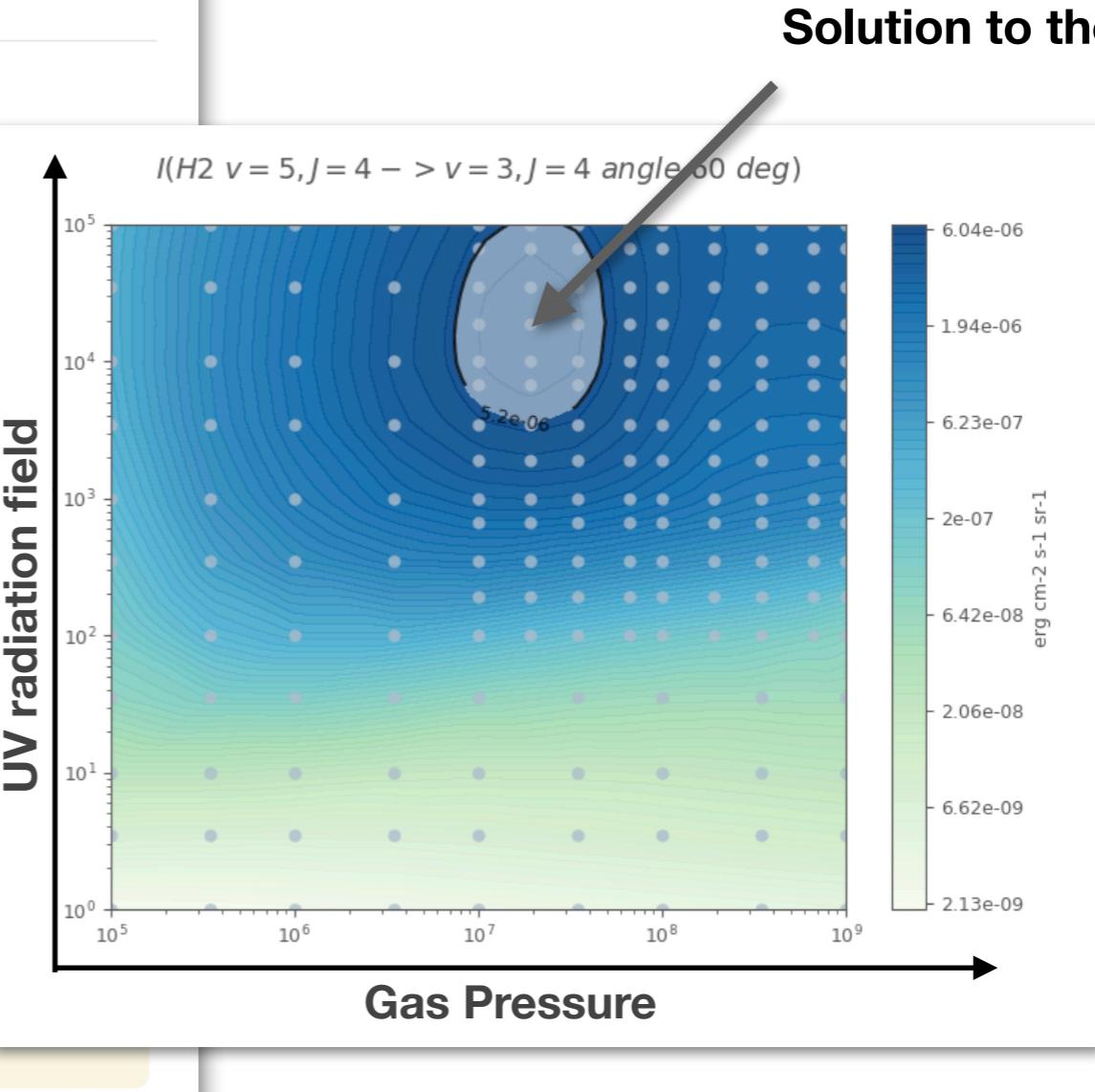
Quantity search bar:

Search for available quantities... Ex: N(H) Use

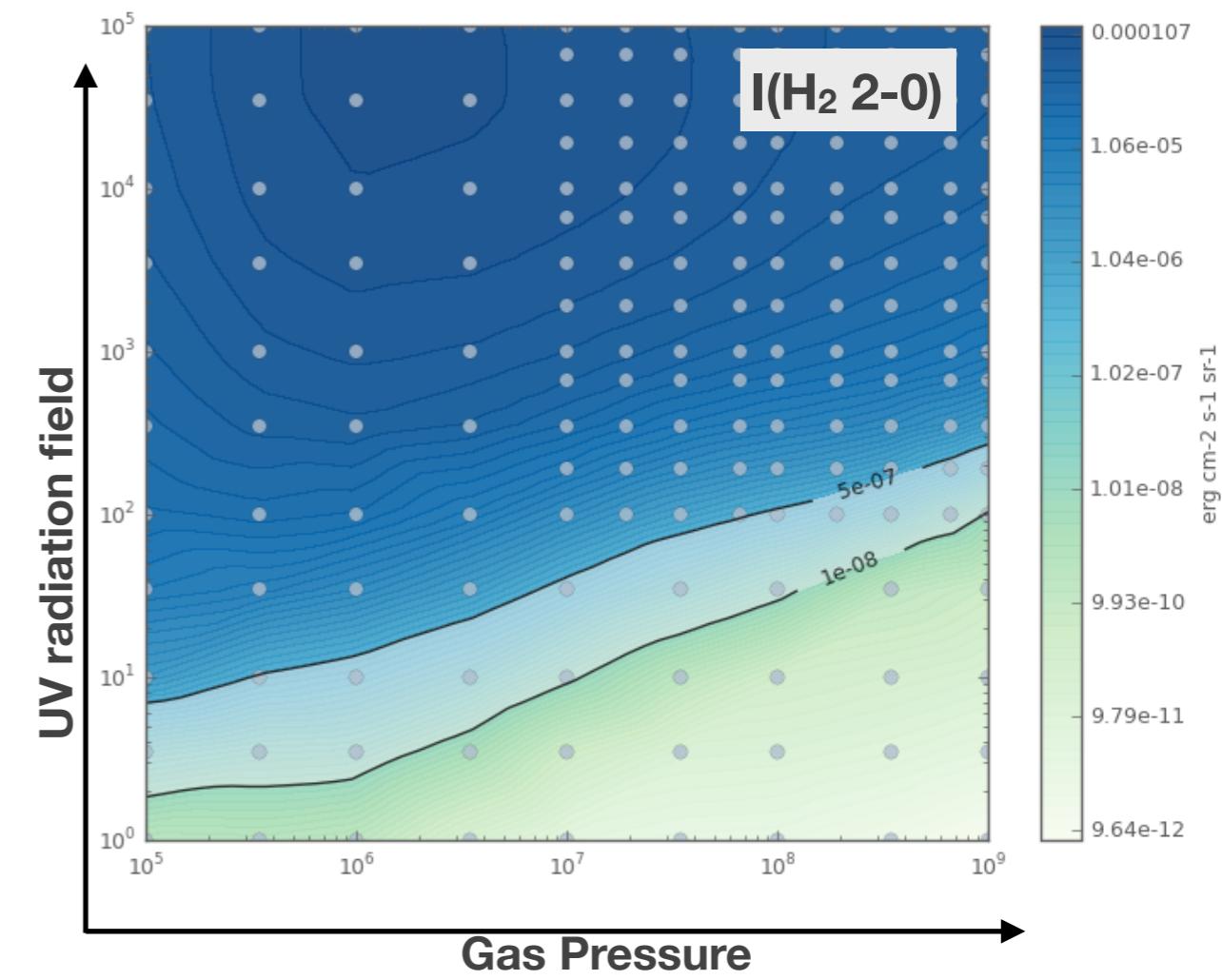
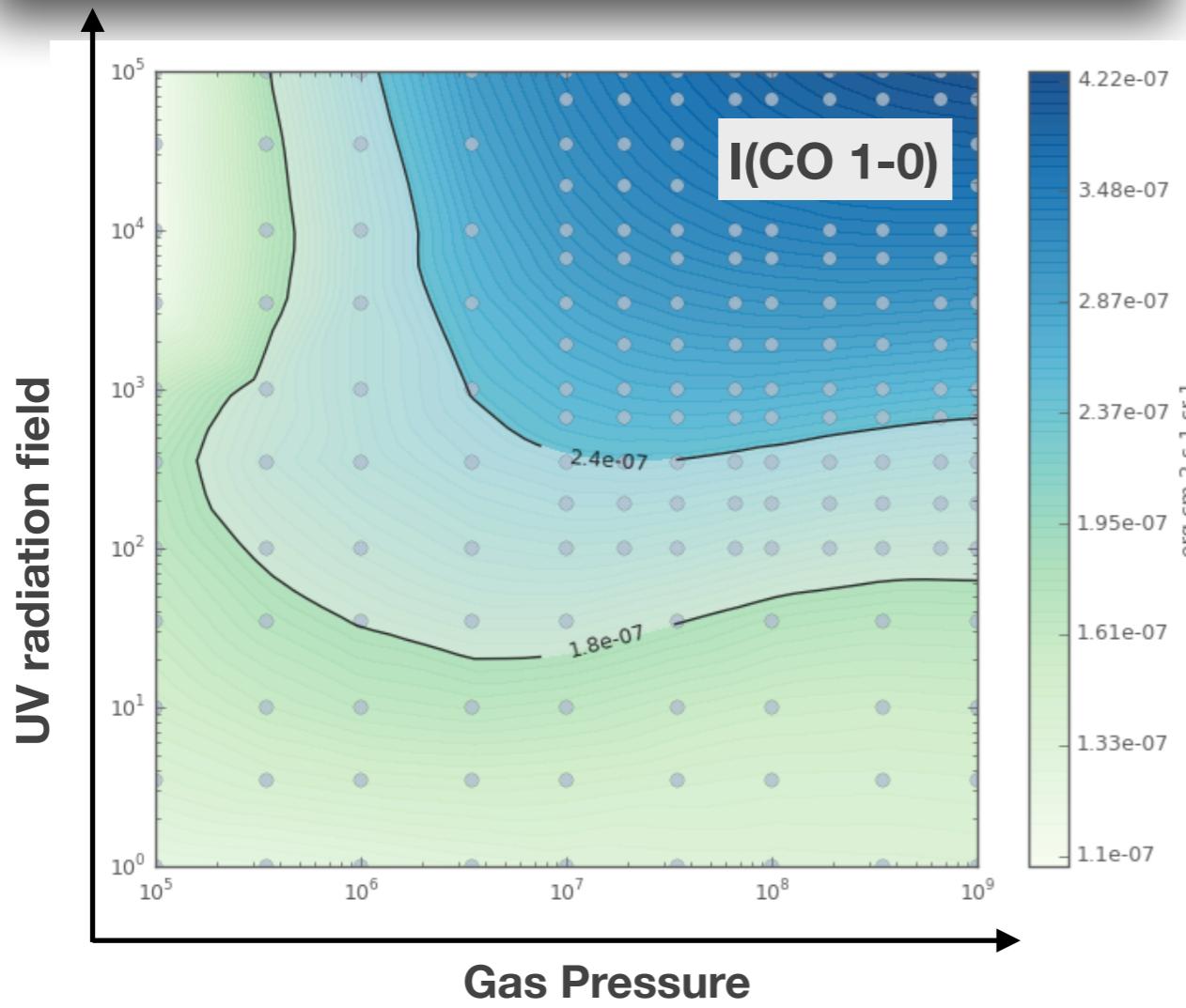
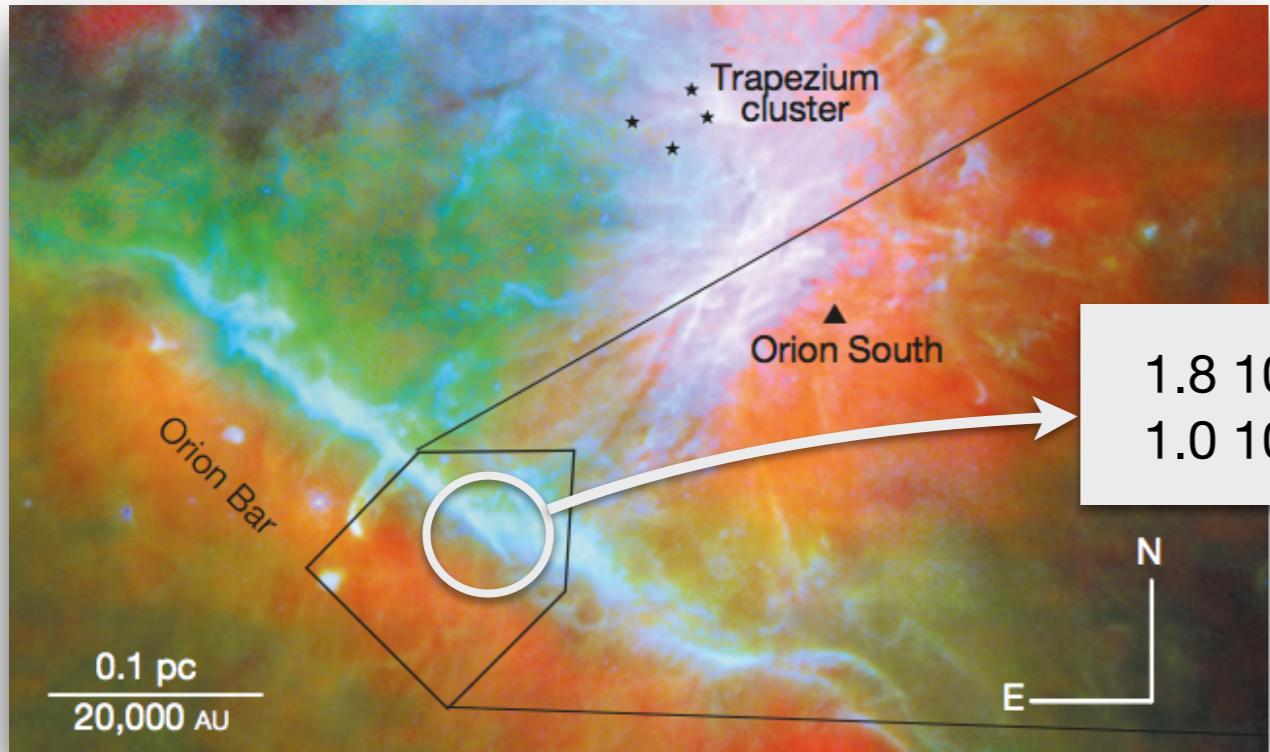
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Search

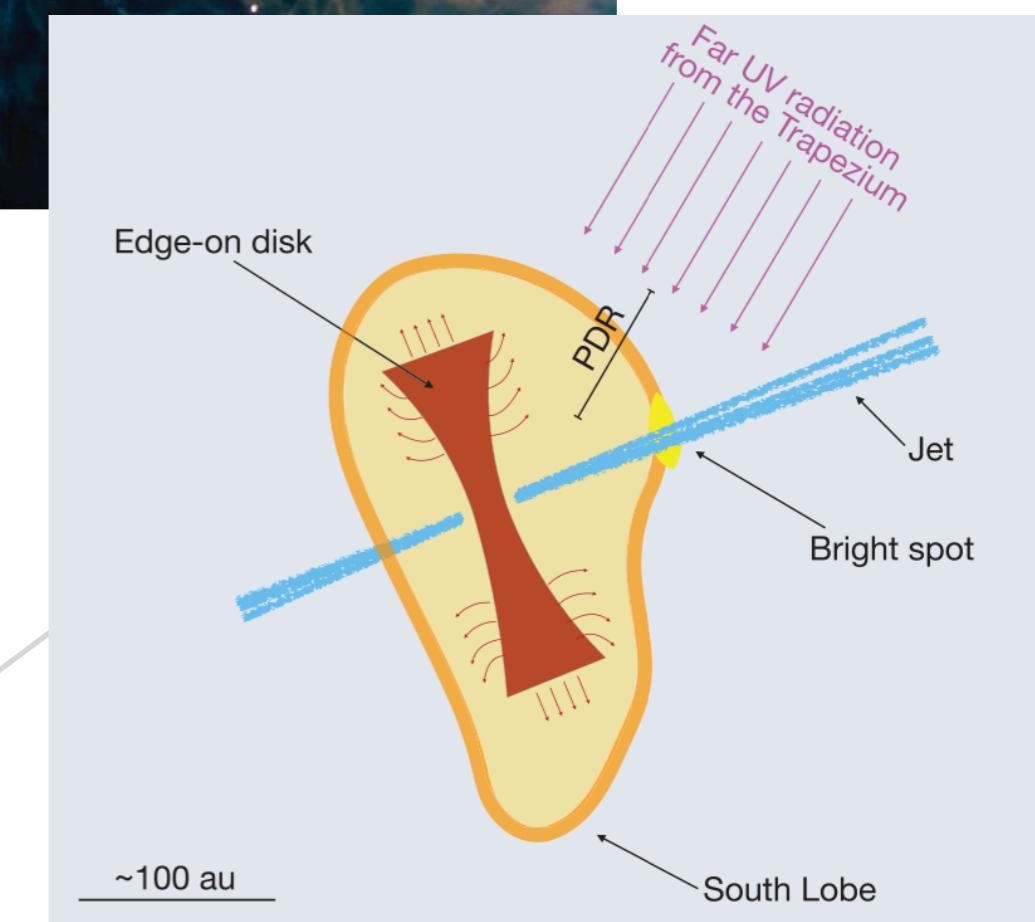
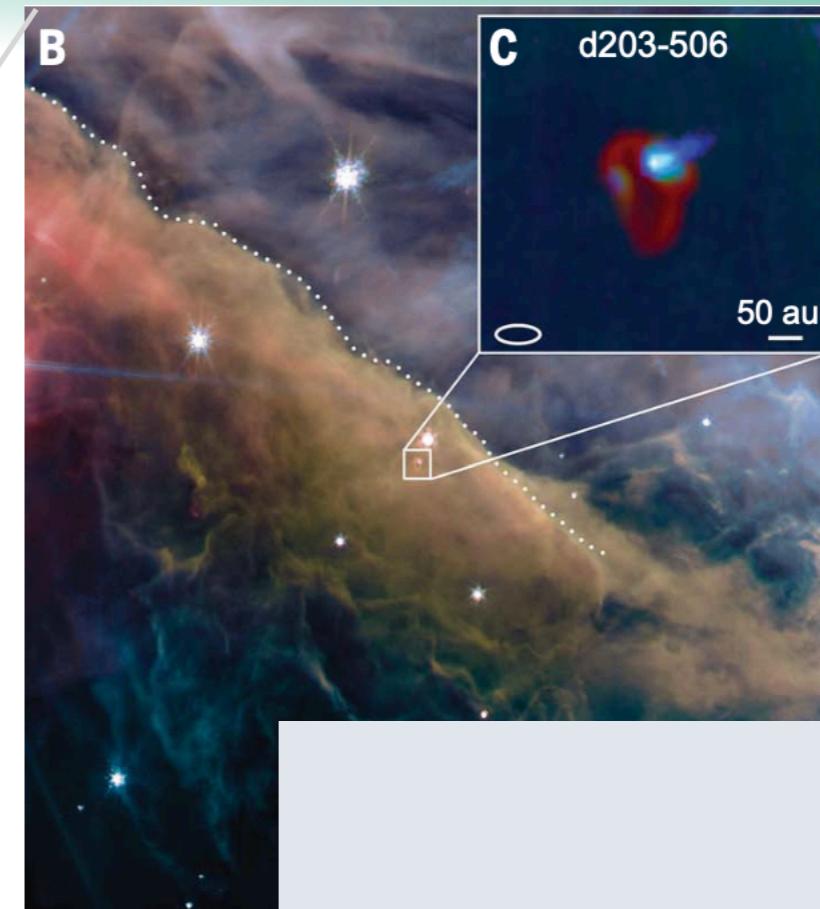


Inverse Search



Observation interpretation

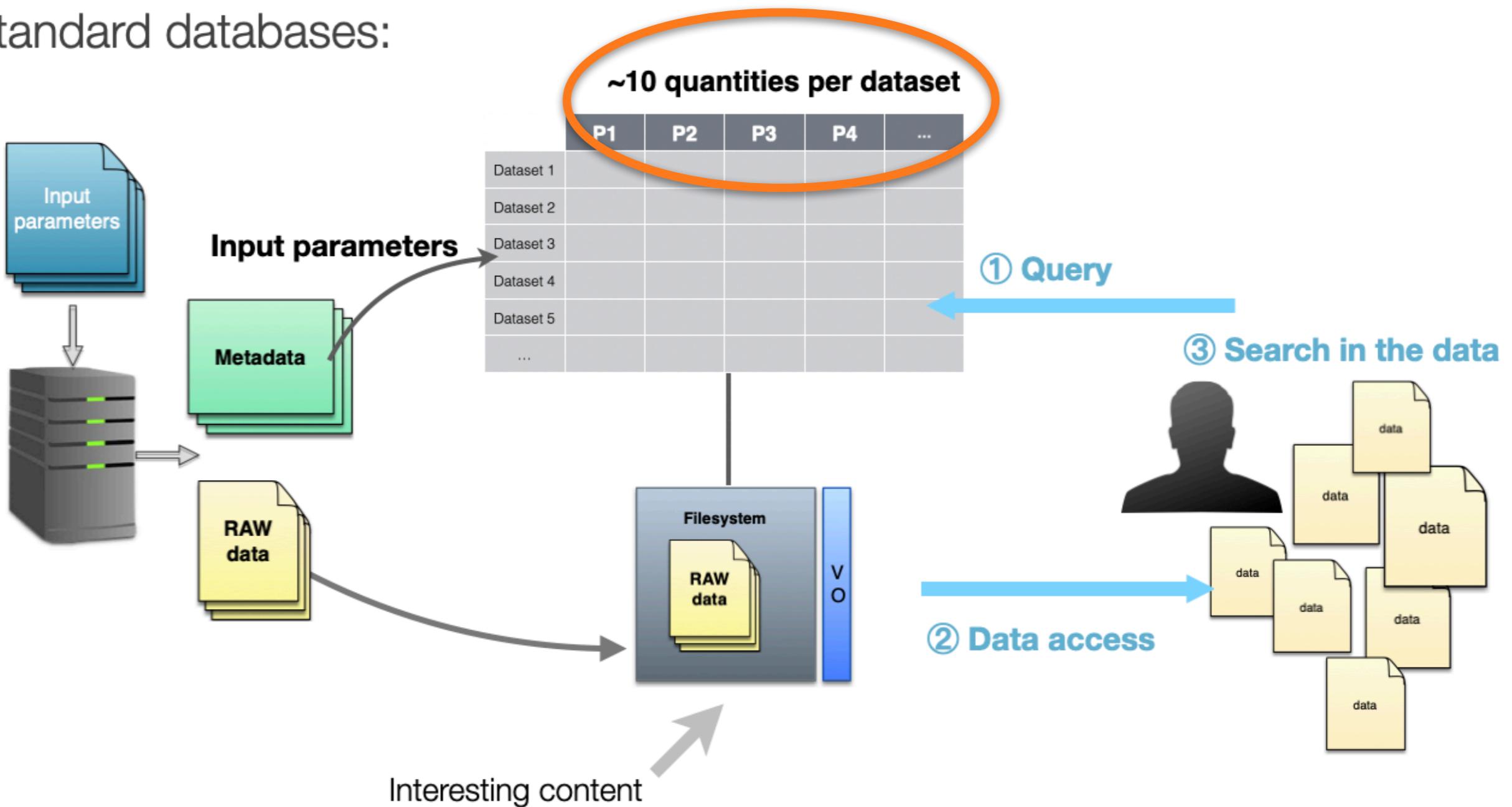
A first interpretation of data is delivered instantly, replacing weeks of manual work



Then, run the codes to refine the result

Technical challenges

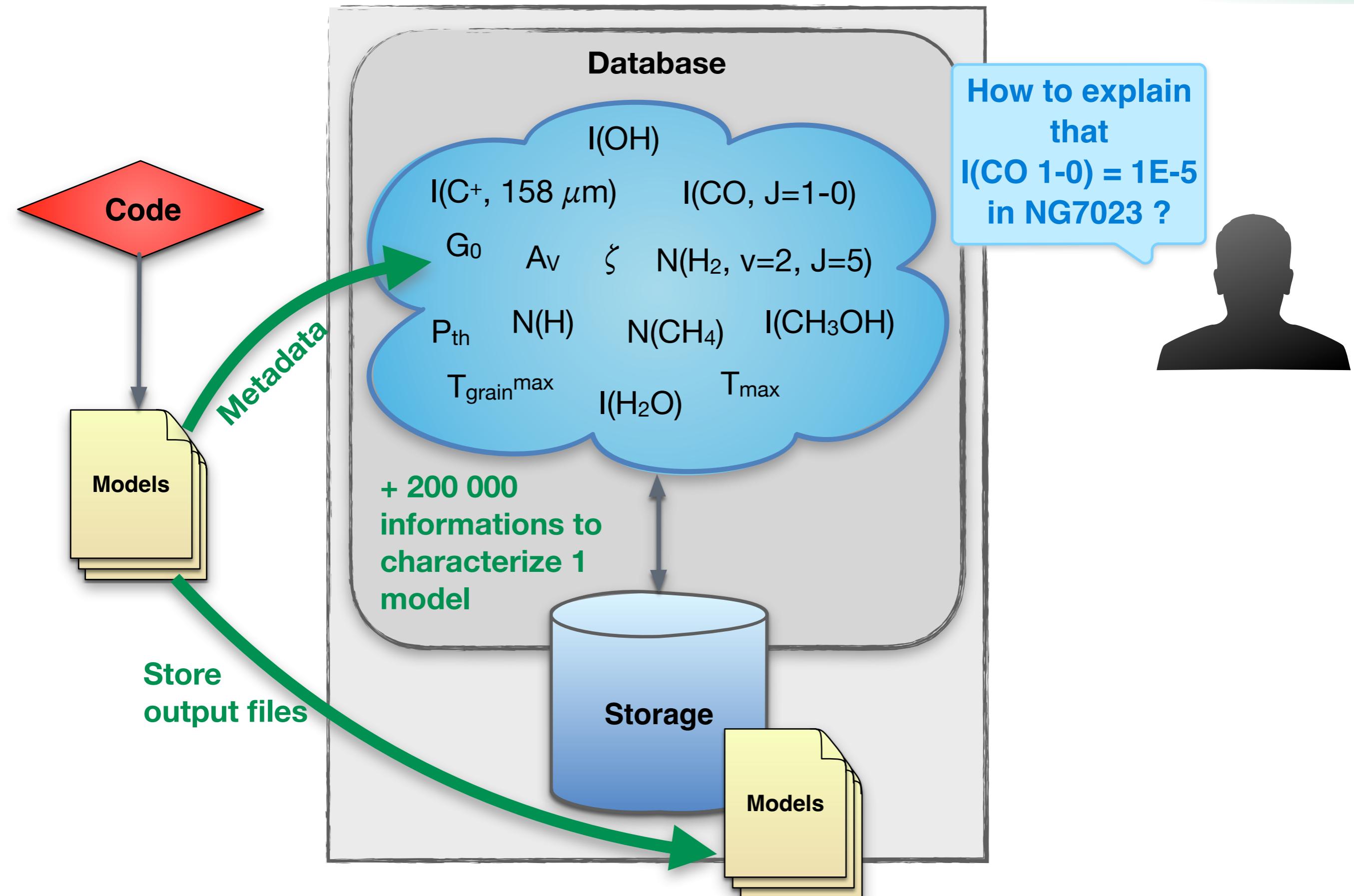
Standard databases:



Problem

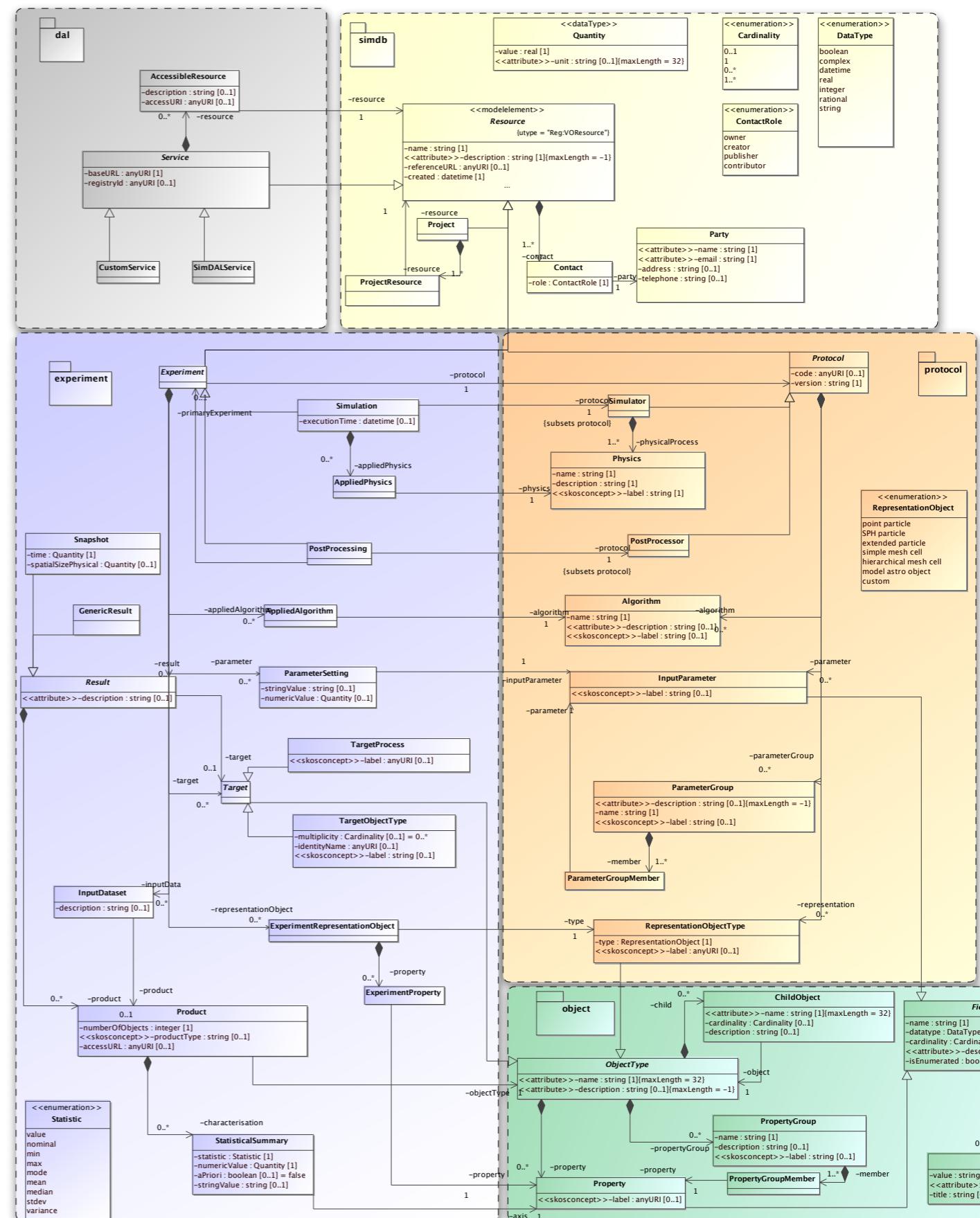
we have +200 000 properties per model -> does not fit easily in traditional SGBD

ISMDB : High dimension database



Des services avancés permis grâce à deux éléments

① **Simulation Data Model** (SimDM) :
permet d'associer des métadonnées
riches aux simulations diffusées



Inverse Search

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Projects > P154G3_P_210723 Help

ISMDB – Inverse Search

The inverse search interface allows to :

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Isobaric PDR 1.5.4 models
Date: August 26, 2021 Code: PDR 1.5.4 (2090), Project ID: P154G3_P_210723

Produced by
Meudon ISMteam
ISMServices

Model we want to explore

1 – Search among two parameters

x Pressure cm⁻³ K log scale

y chi front ISRF log scale

2 – Fix all the other parameters (reset all)

AVmax mag ---

3 – Observational constraints

Quantity search bar
Search for available quantities... Ex: N(H) Use

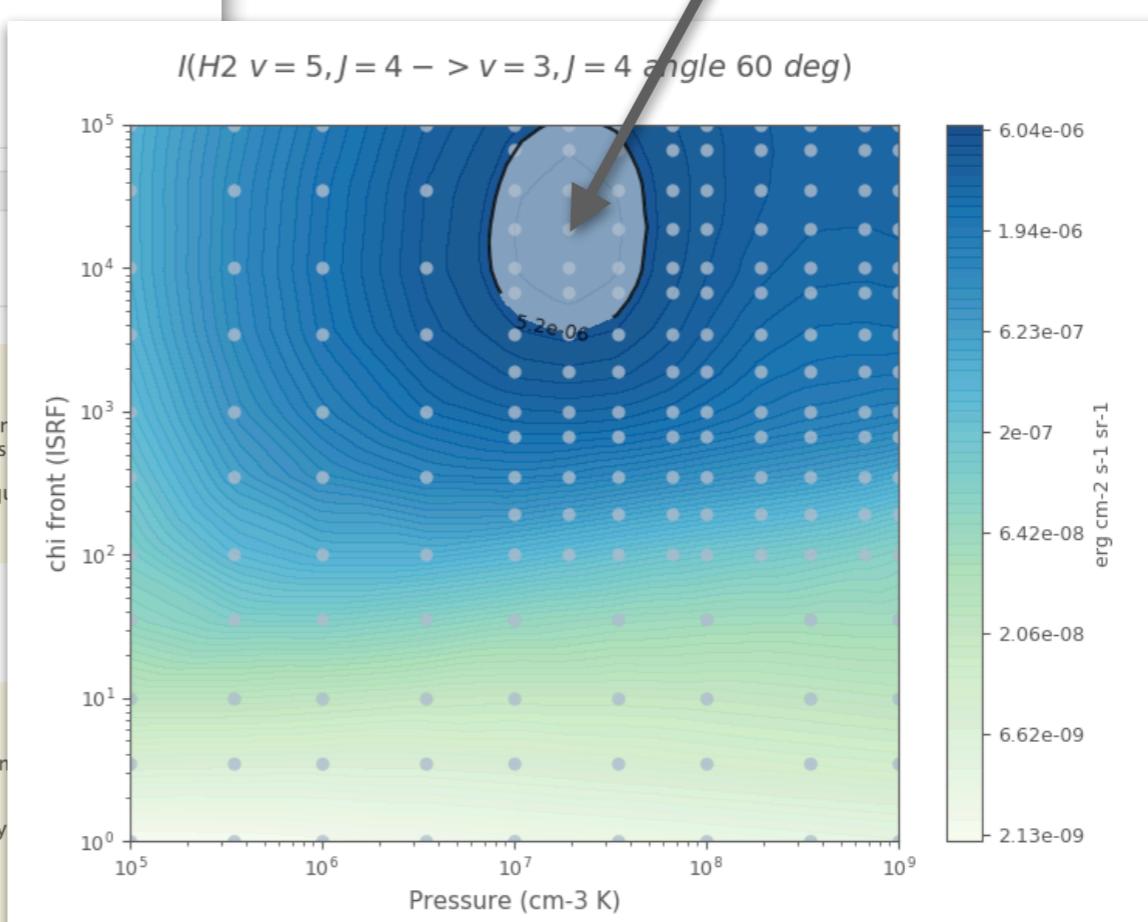
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Search

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The available operators are +, -, *, /, ^, For example:
(/ "I(H2 2-1 S(1)) face on" "N(H2) > 2.3e16")



Model viewer

ISM Services CODES ISMDB PARTNERS REGISTRATION

Projects > PDRG1NoPAH_P_200618 >
PDRG1NoPAH_P1p9e8r1p9e4A3e1

ISMDB – Model viewer

Model PDRG1NoPAH_P1p9e8r1p9e4A3e1 June 18, 2020
Code: PDR 1.5.4 (2065), Project id: PDRG1NoPAH_P_200618

Parameters (toggle all parameters)

Main parameters

chi front	1.9e+04	ISRF
AVmax	30	mag
Pressure	1.9e+08	cm ⁻³ K

Other

zeta	1e-16	s ⁻¹ per H ₂
Z	1	

Algorithms

Rad. transfer algo.	0
---------------------	---

Grain properties

Extinction curve	Galaxy
RV	3.1
NH/E(B-V)	5.8e+21
m(dust)/m(gas)	0.01
m(PAH)/m(dust)	0
Grains distrib. slope	3.5
Grains min radius	1e-07
Grains max radius	3e-05

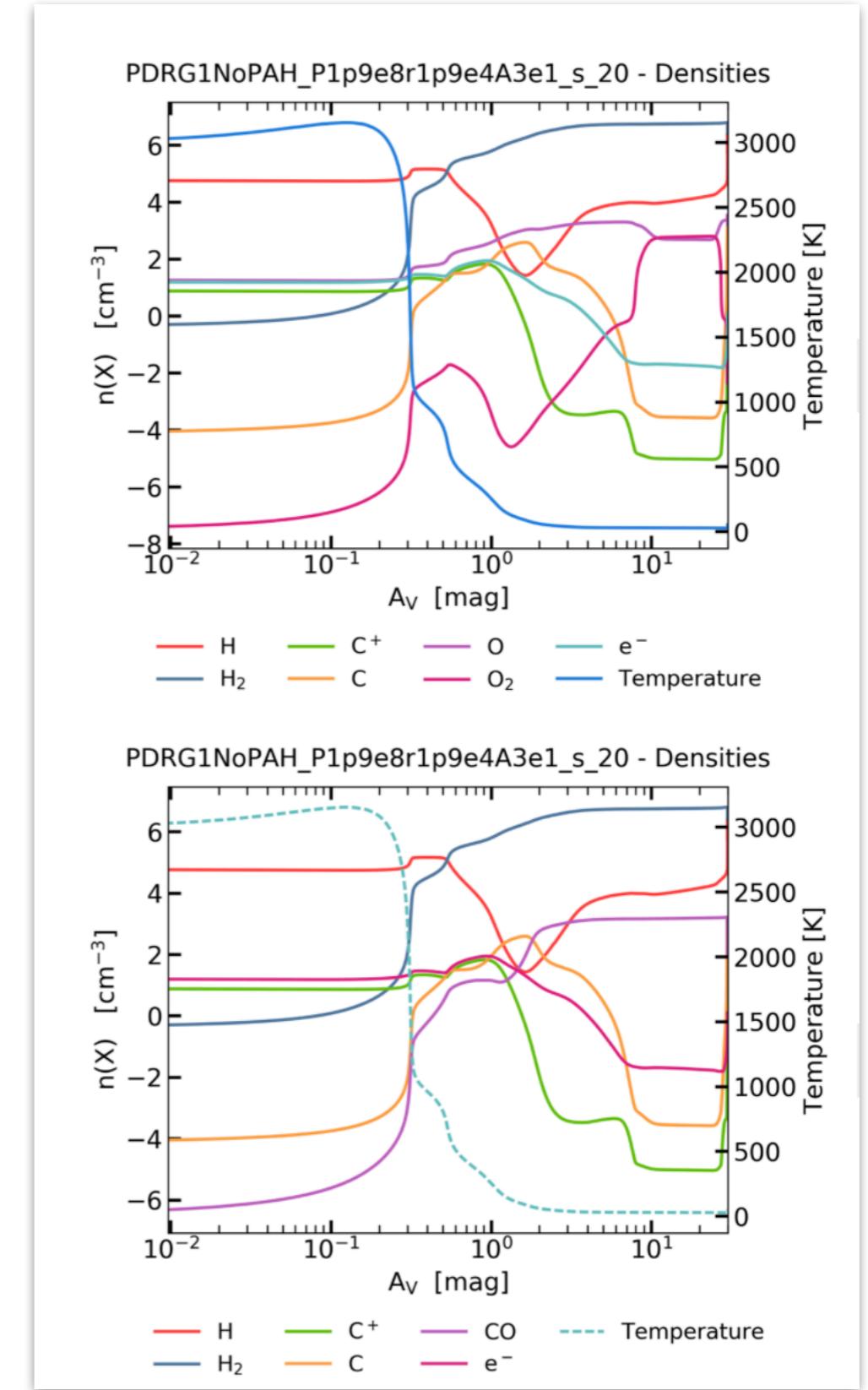
Produced by
Meudon ISM team
ISM Services

Online analysis

online analysis with IDAT

Download

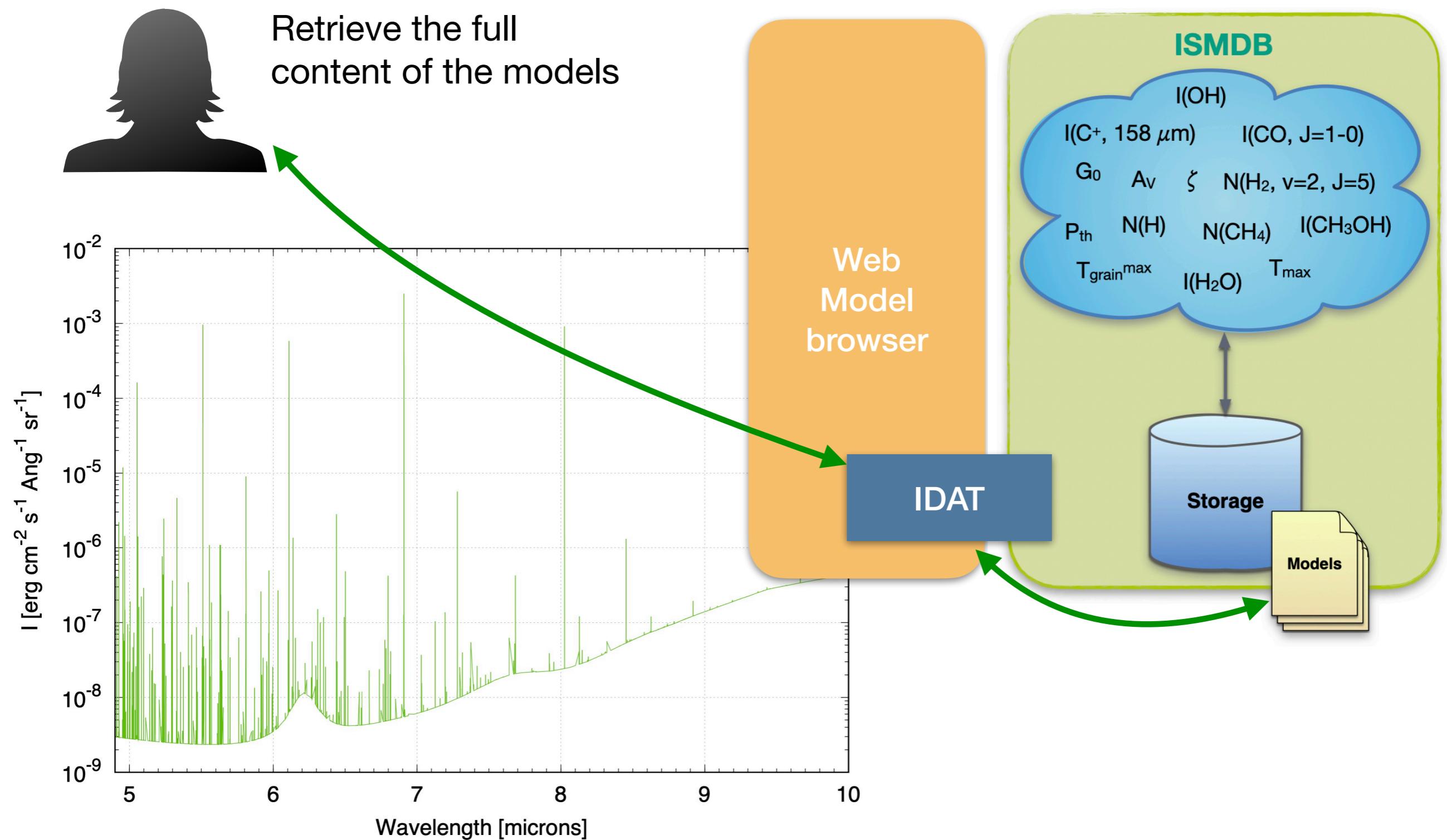
- Source code
- Chemistry file
- Main output
- Chemistry analysis output
- Emissivity output



IDAT : Browse the content of a model

Models compute thousand heterogeneous quantities

→ need dedicated tools to explore the content of models and extract interesting quantities



IDAT : explore the content of models

IDAT: Data analysis

Local version

Opened model: OrBarJ18_BestMod_s_20.hdf5

This tool allows to **extract data** produced by the ISM platform codes (as text files) and to **plot the results**.

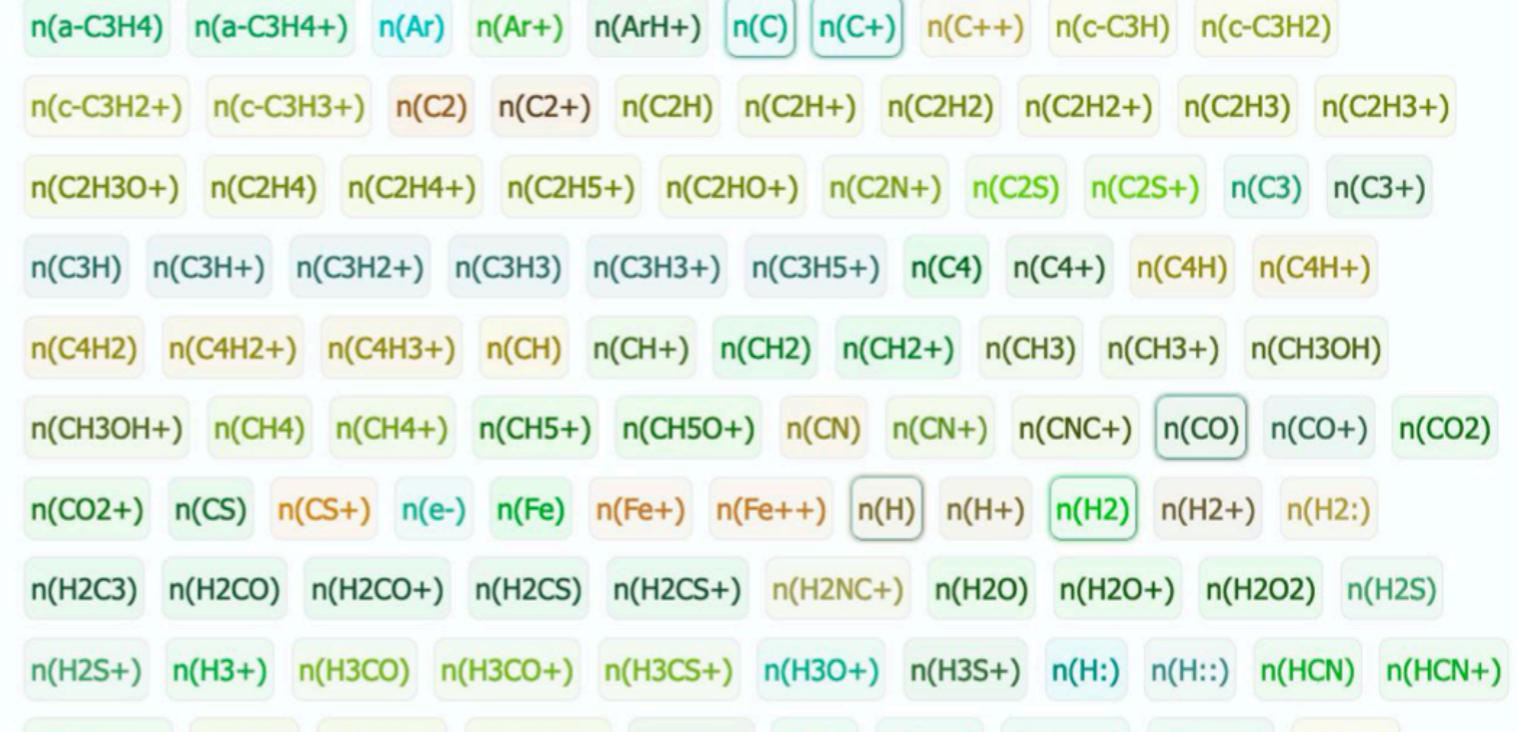
- Search among the computed quantities with the search bar or in the data tree listing all available quantities.
- The quantities you select will appear in the boxes of section 2.
- If you already know the quantity names, you can also directly type or paste them into the boxes.
- Export as text files or plot the data with our interactive plot tool using the corresponding buttons.

1. Select quantities to extract or plot

Find quantities computed by the code with the search bar

Find quantities in the data tree

- Integrated quantities
- Local quantities
- Auxiliary
- Densities
- Column densities
- Densities
- Dust
- Gas state
- Positions
- Parameters



[Next step >>](#)

[Clear all selection](#)

IDAT : explore the content of models

2. List of selected quantities

Extract the chosen quantities as datafiles or plot them with our interactive plot tool.

Direct cut/paste into this box is possible. You can also manually add and delete quantities.

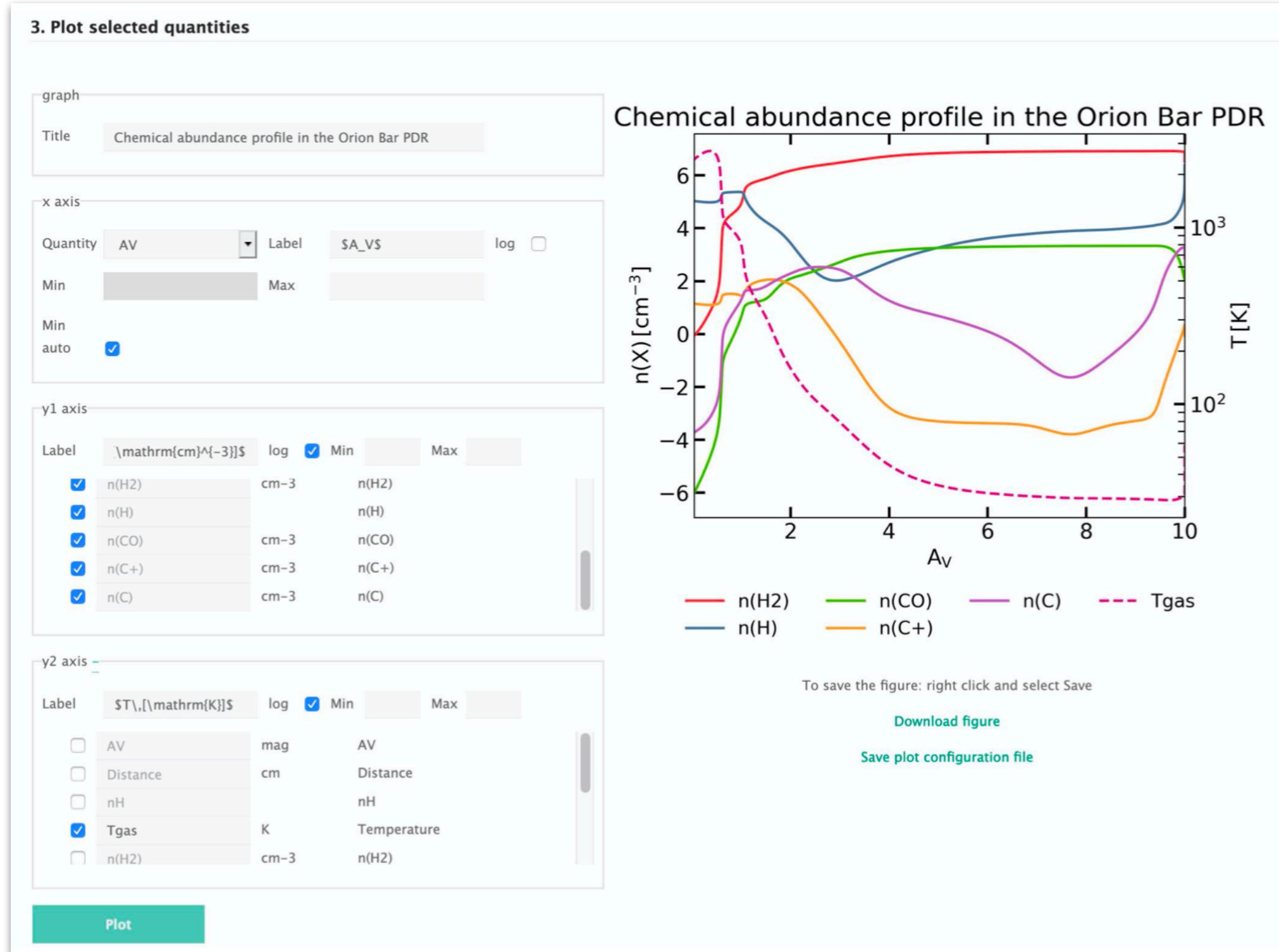
The selected quantities are divided between local quantities (functions of the position) on the left, and global quantities (taking one single value for the whole model) such as integrated quantities and model parameters on the right.

Local quantities (position dependant)		Integrated quantities or parameters	
		Actions	
AV		Export as ASCII file	
Distance		Export as VOTable	
nH			Export as ASCII file
Temperature			Export as VOTable
n(H2)			
n(H)			
n(CO)			
n(C+)			

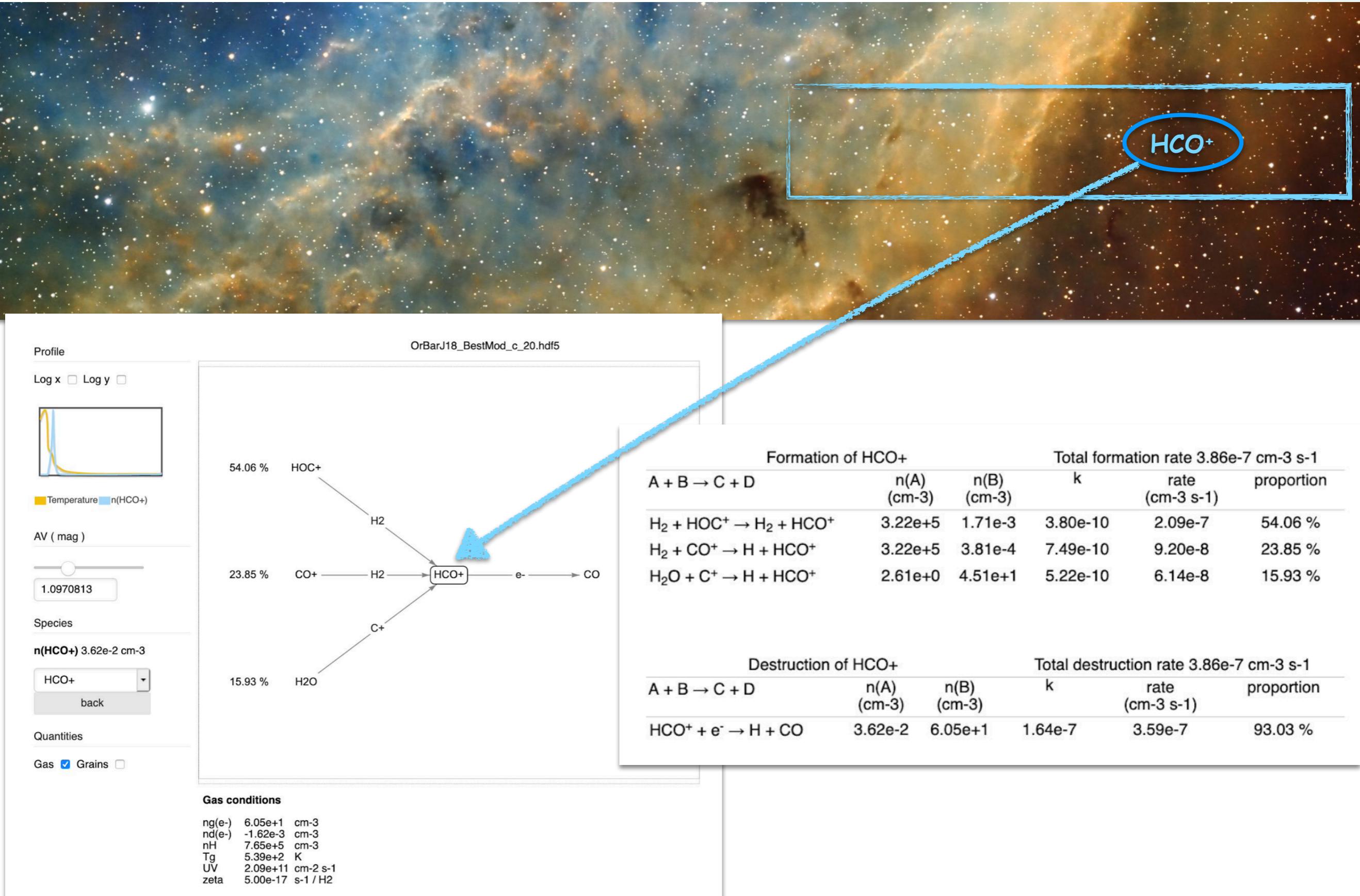
Download data

Visualize data

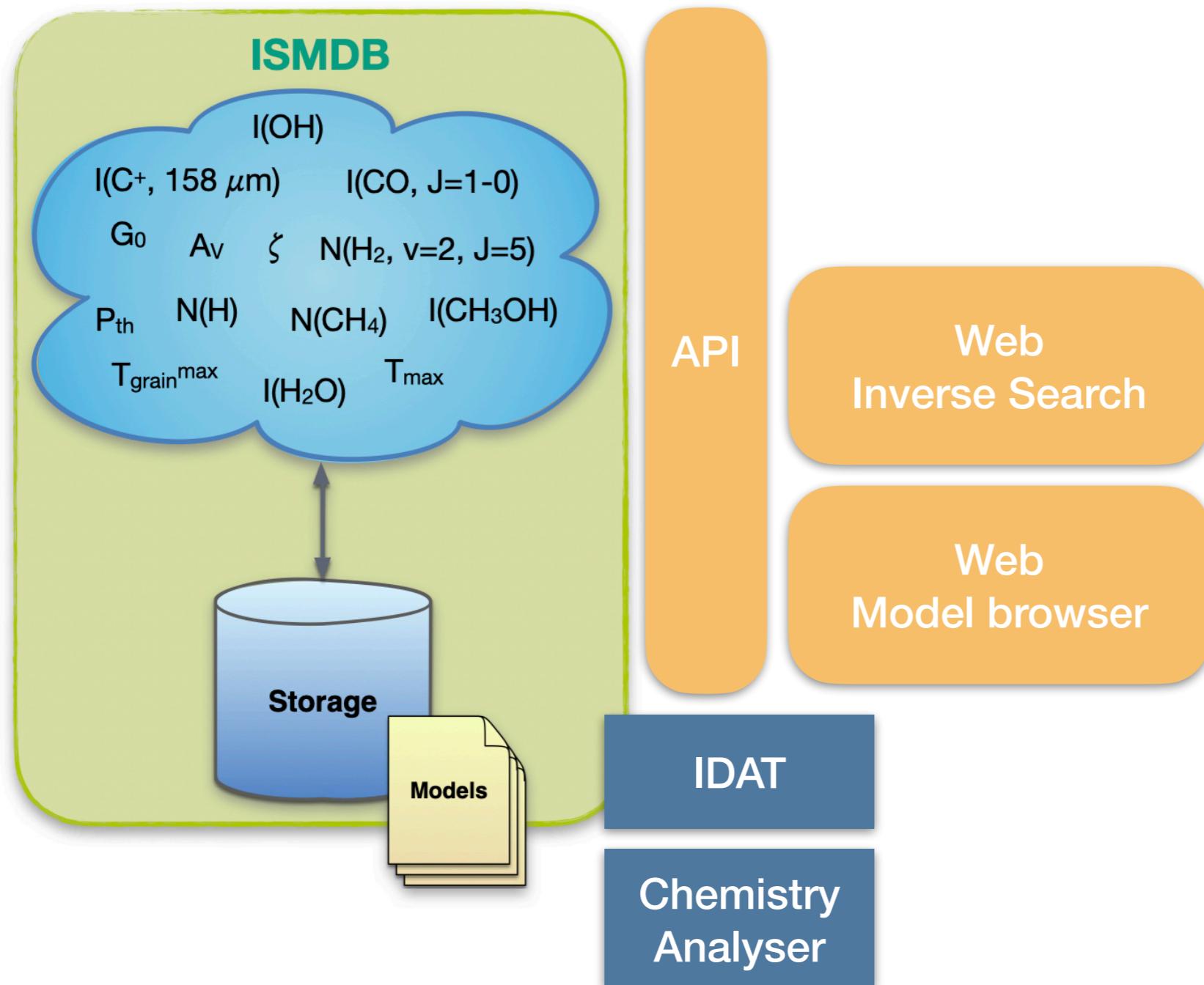
IDAT : explore the content of models



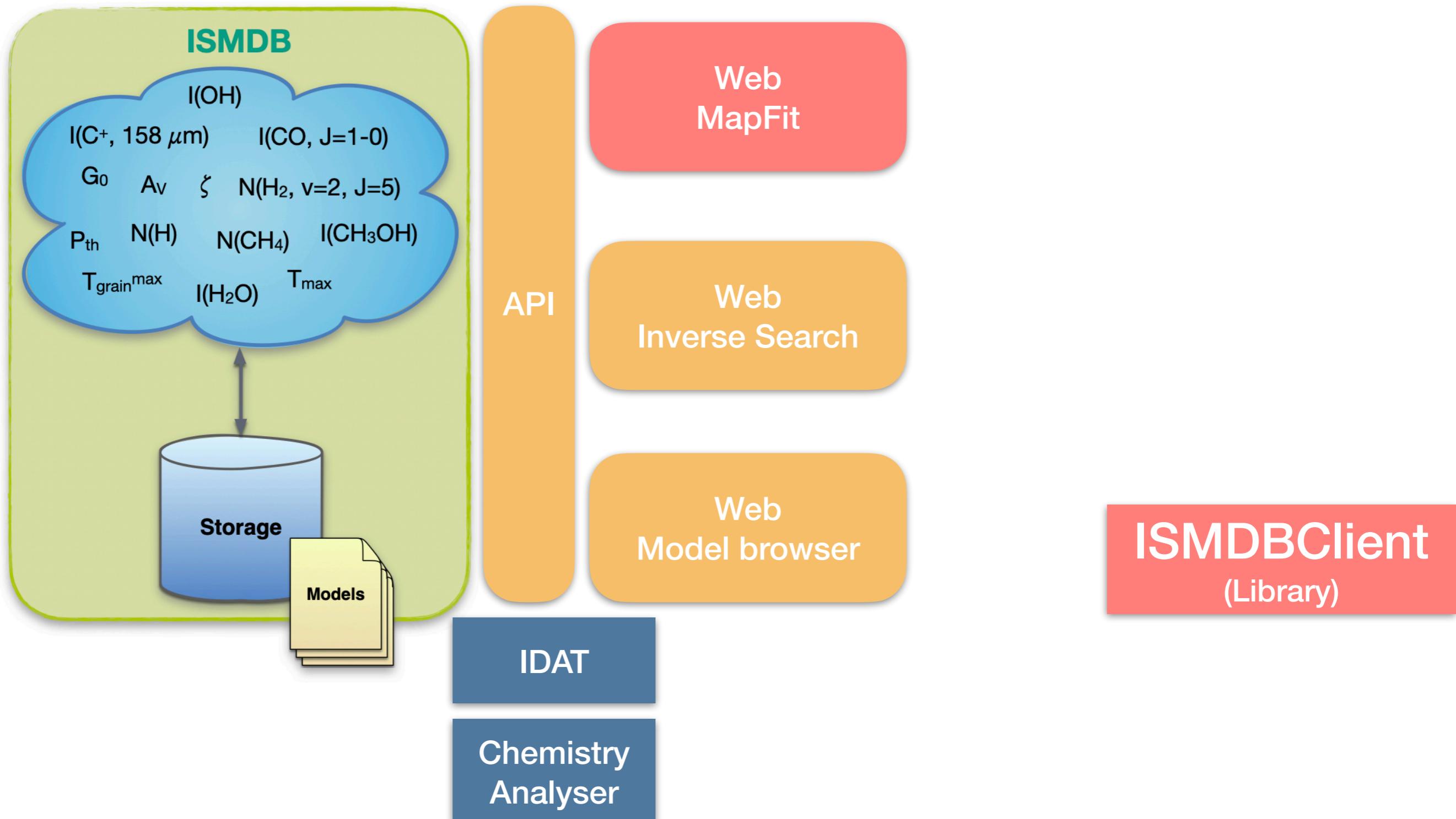
Chemistry analyser : Analyse the reactions



New functionalities in 2025



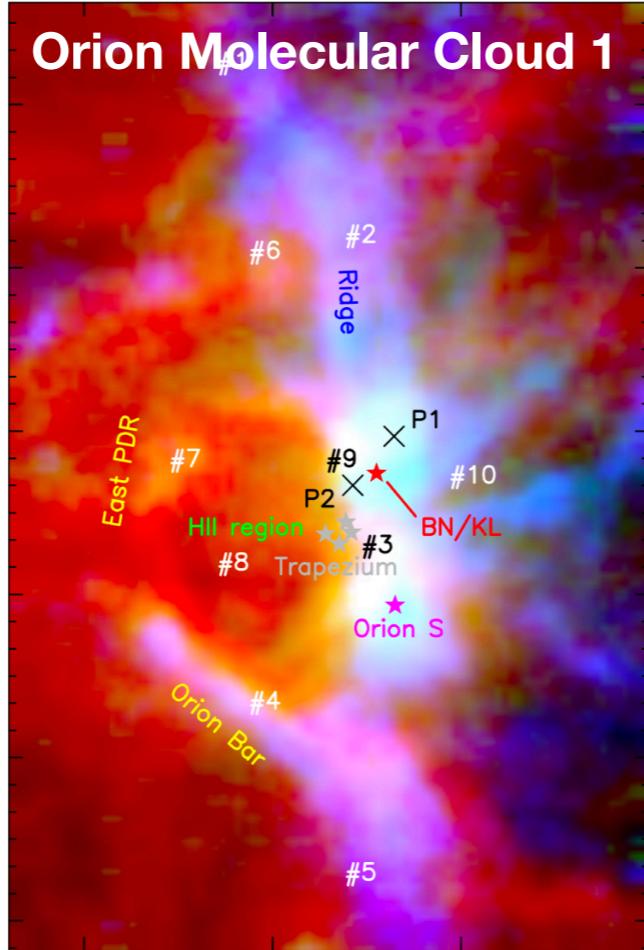
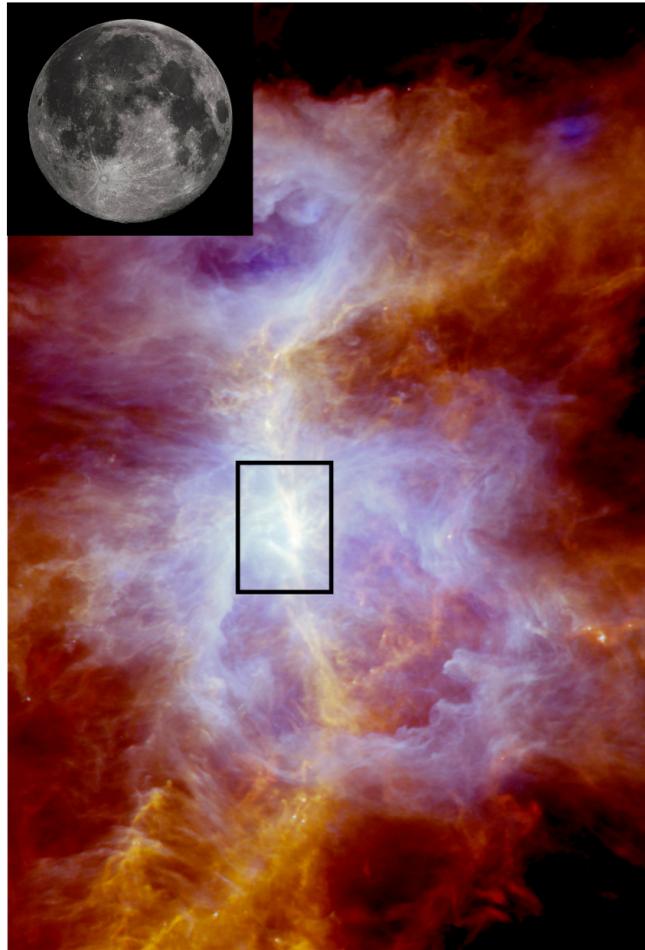
New functionalities in 2025



- **MapFit** : interpretation of maps
- Access to ISMDB via **python notebooks** (or clients)

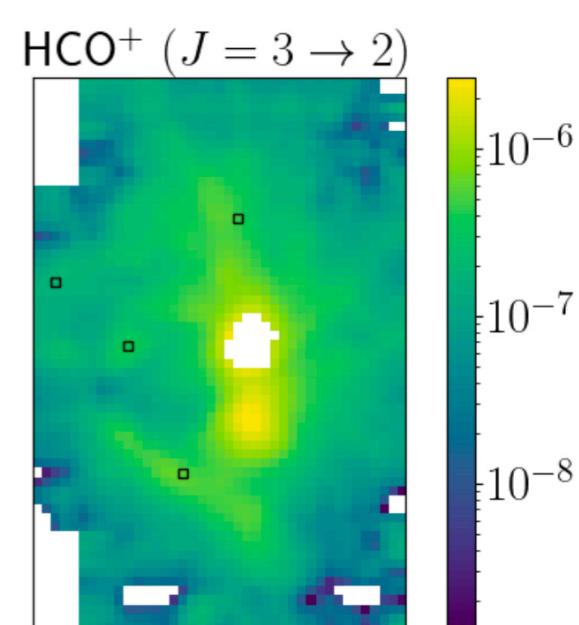
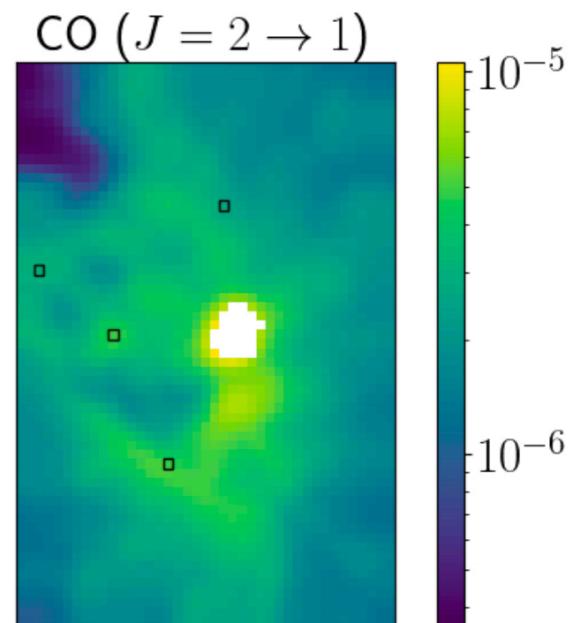
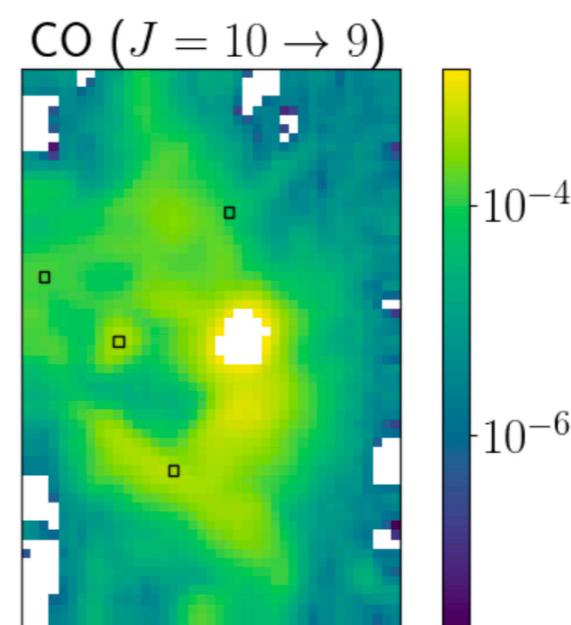
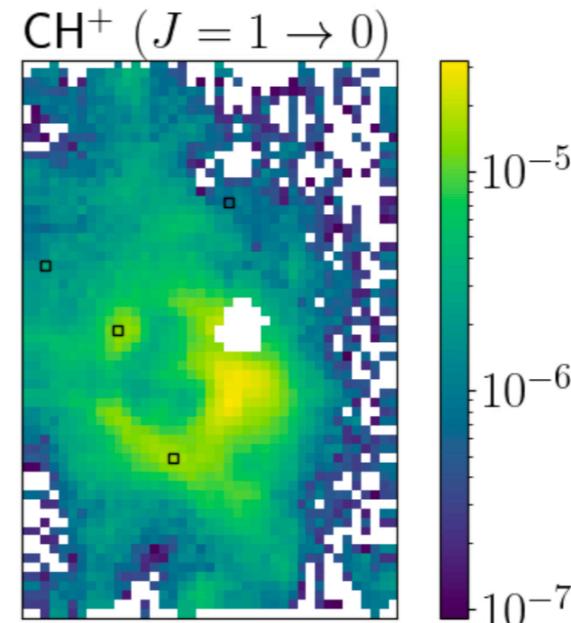
MapFit

New tool for **inverse problems on hyperspectral maps**
(IRAM, JWST, MUSE, ...)



- ① Provide the line observation maps to ISMDB
- ② ISMDB returns the **maps of the physical parameters** that explain the observations

Observed lines



User Map Fit [proj_20250333518b5414]

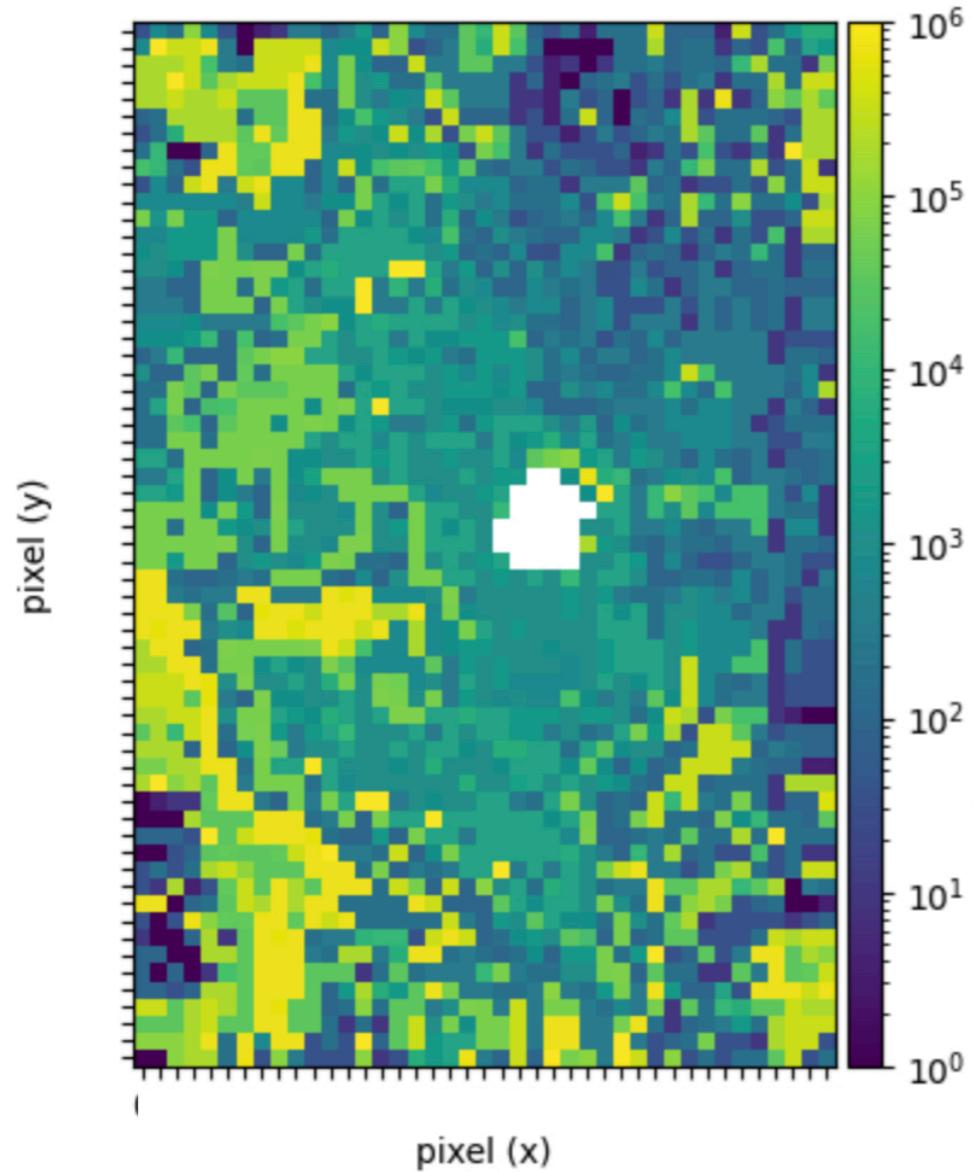
ismdb grid P7G1E20BG_P_240819

map size 41x61

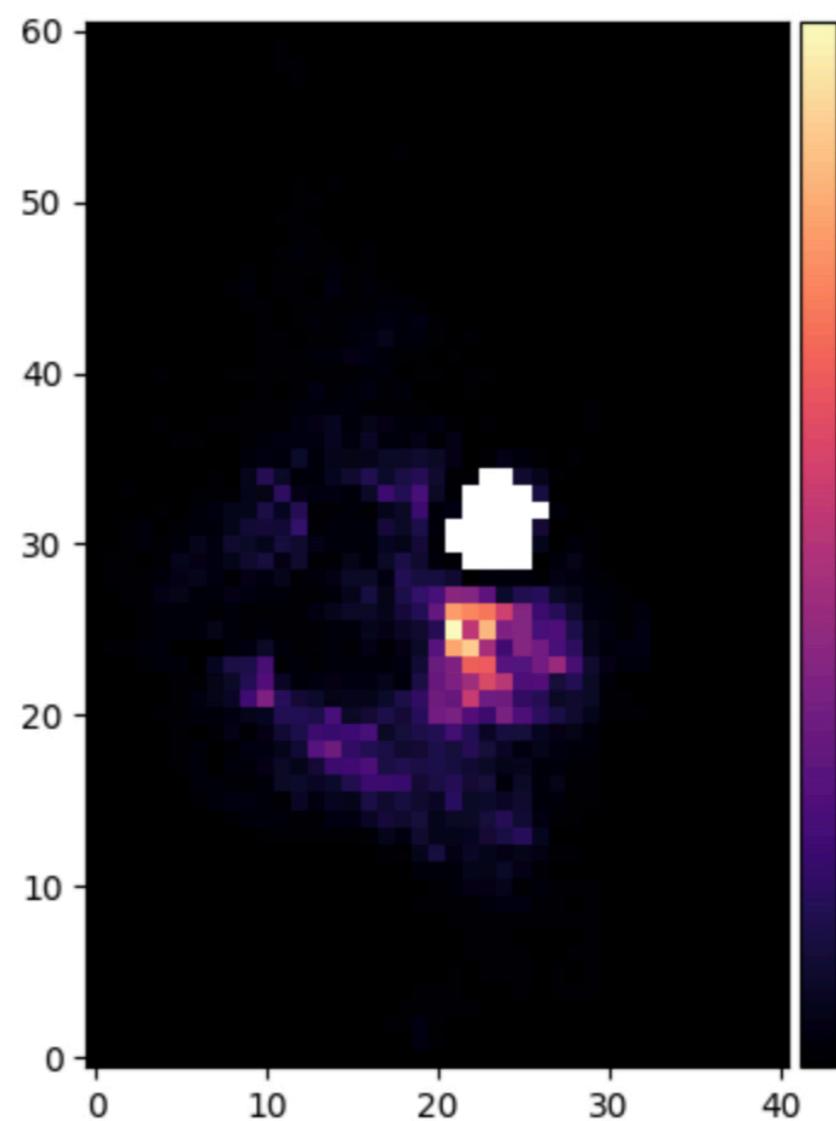
fit status finished

G0 stellar component

UV intensity



chi²



User Map Fit [proj_20250333518b5414]

ismdb grid

P7G1E20BG_P_240819

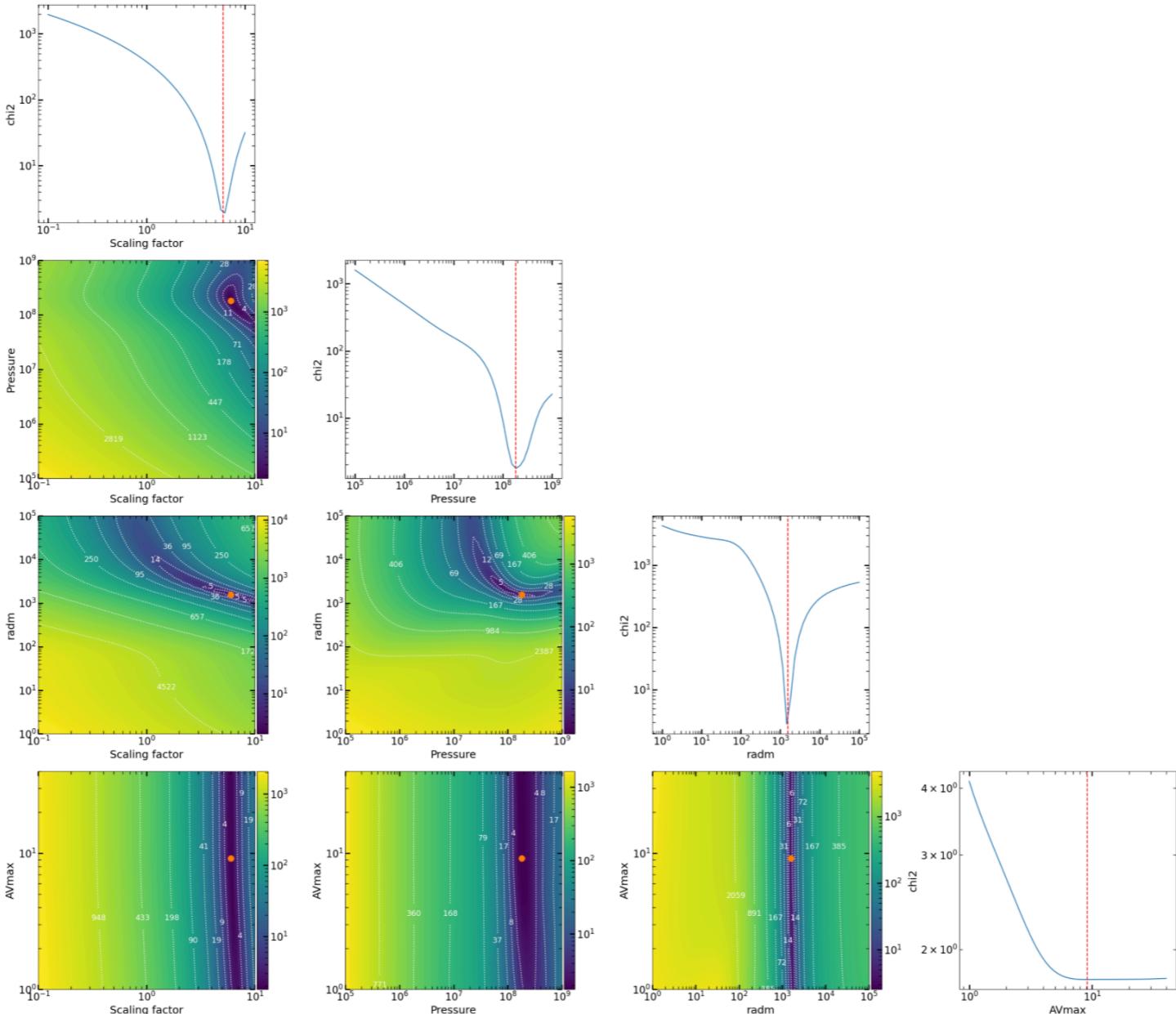
map size

41x61

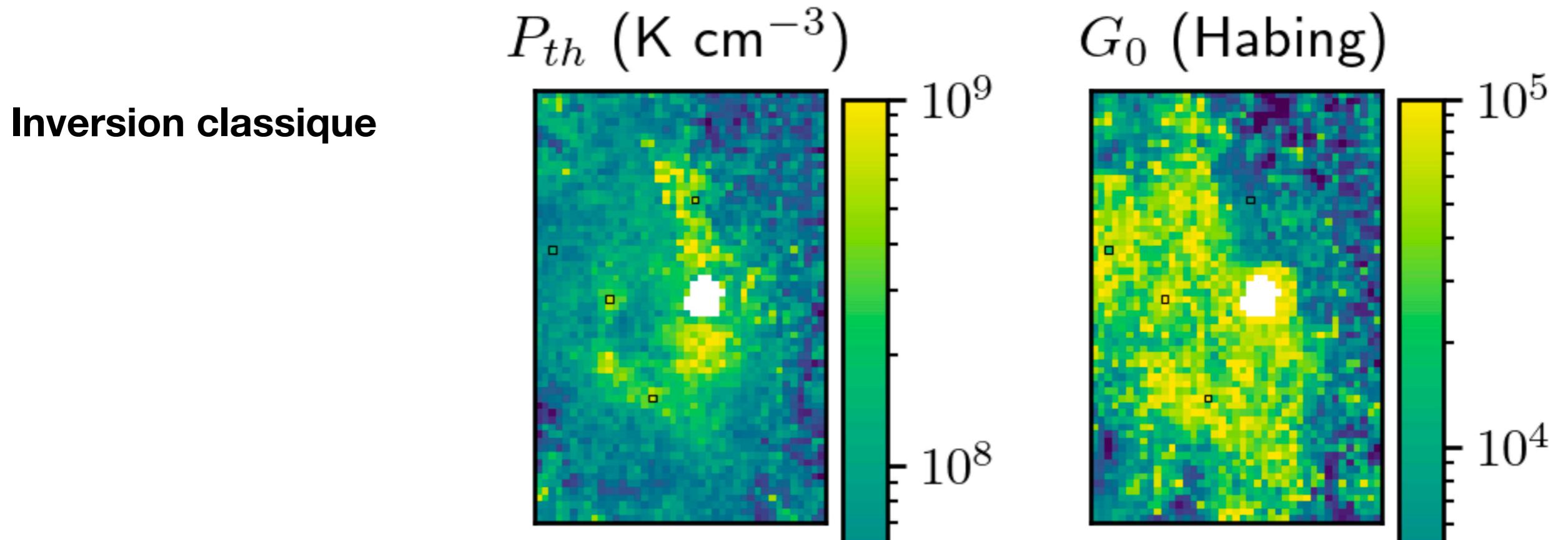
fit status

finished

G0 stellar component



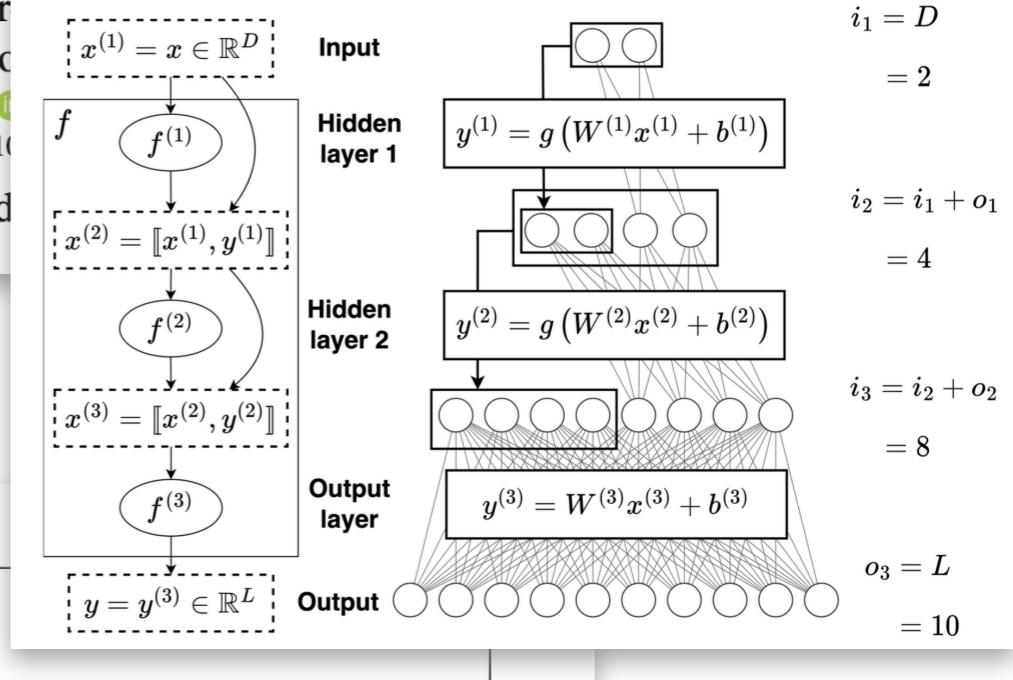
Inversion bayesienne - régularisation spatiale



Neural network-based emulation of interstellar medium models

Pierre Palud^{1,3,*}, Lucas Einig^{2,4,*}, Franck Le Petit¹, Émeric Bron¹, Pierre Jocelyn Chanussot⁴, Jérôme Pety^{2,5}, Pierre-Antoine Thouvenin³, David Languignon⁶, Miriam G. Santa-Maria⁶, Jan H. Orkisz², Léontine E. Ségal^{2,7}, Antoine Zakardjian⁸, Maryvonne Gerin⁵, Javier R. Goicoechea⁶, Pierre Gratier⁹, Viviana V. Guzman¹⁰, François Levrier¹¹, Harvey S. Liszt¹², Jacques Le Bourlot¹, Antoine Roueff⁷, and Evelyne Roueff⁷

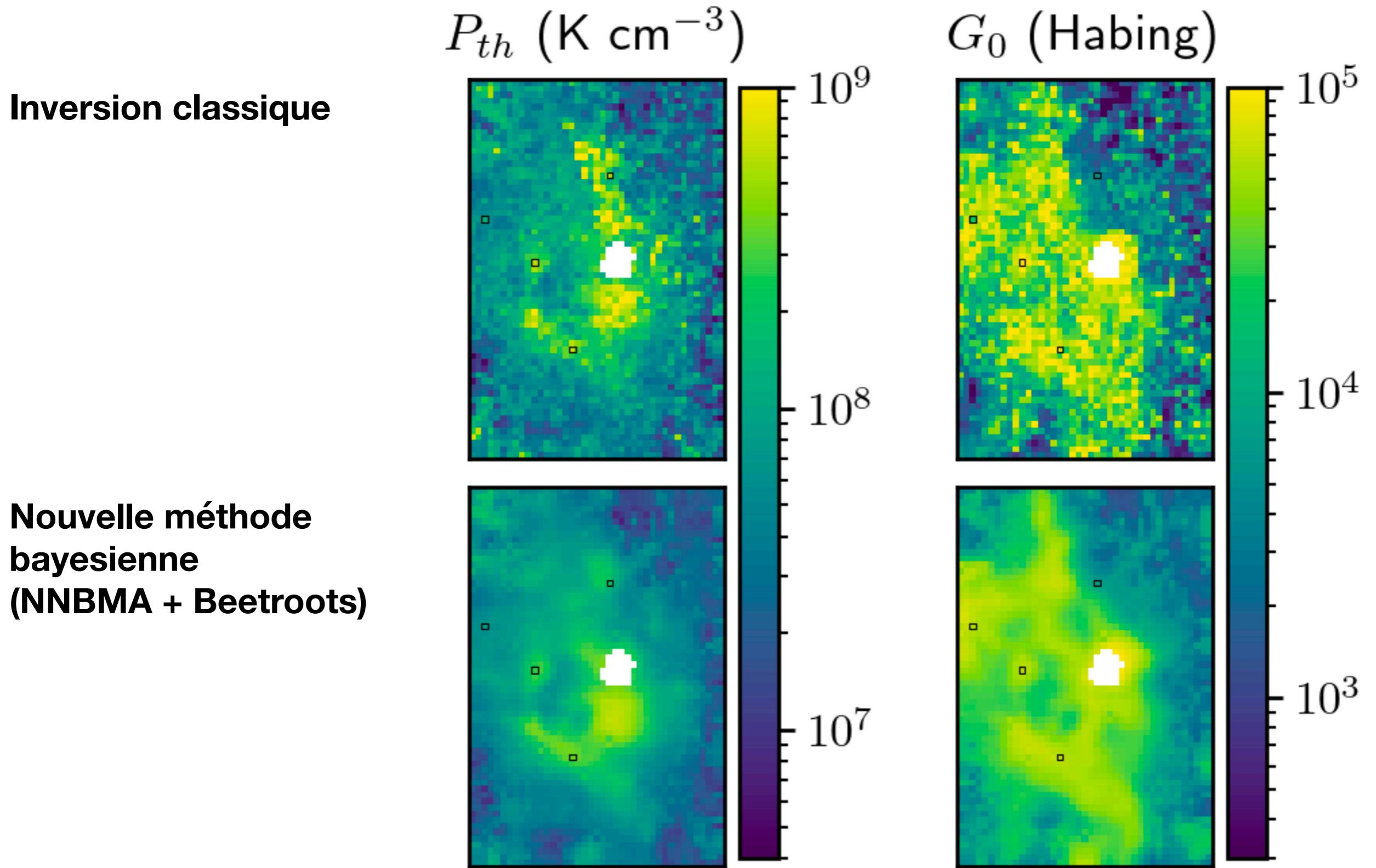
Astronomy & Astrophysics manuscript no. main
 January 6, 2025



BEETROOTS: Bayesian inference of interstellar medium physical parameter maps with a spatial regularization

Pierre Palud^{2,4,5}, Émeric Bron², Pierre Chainais⁴, Franck Le Petit², Pierre-Antoine Thouvenin⁴, Miriam G. Santa-Maria^{10,11}, Javier R. Goicoechea¹⁰, David Languignon², Maryvonne Gerin⁷, Jérôme Pety^{1,7}, Ivana Bešlić⁷, Simon Coude^{8,9}, Lucas Einig^{1,3}, Helena Mazurek⁷, Jan H. Orkisz¹, Léontine Ségal^{1,6}, Antoine Zakardjian¹², Sébastien Bardeau¹, Karine Demyk¹², Victor de Souza Magalhães¹³, Pierre Gratier¹⁴, Viviana V. Guzmán¹⁵, Annie Hughes¹², François Levrier¹⁶, Jacques Le Bourlot², Dariusz C. Lis¹⁷, Harvey S. Liszt¹³, Nicolas Peretto¹⁸, Antoine Roueff⁶, Evelyne Roueff⁷, and Albrecht Sievers¹

Inversion bayesienne - régularisation spatiale

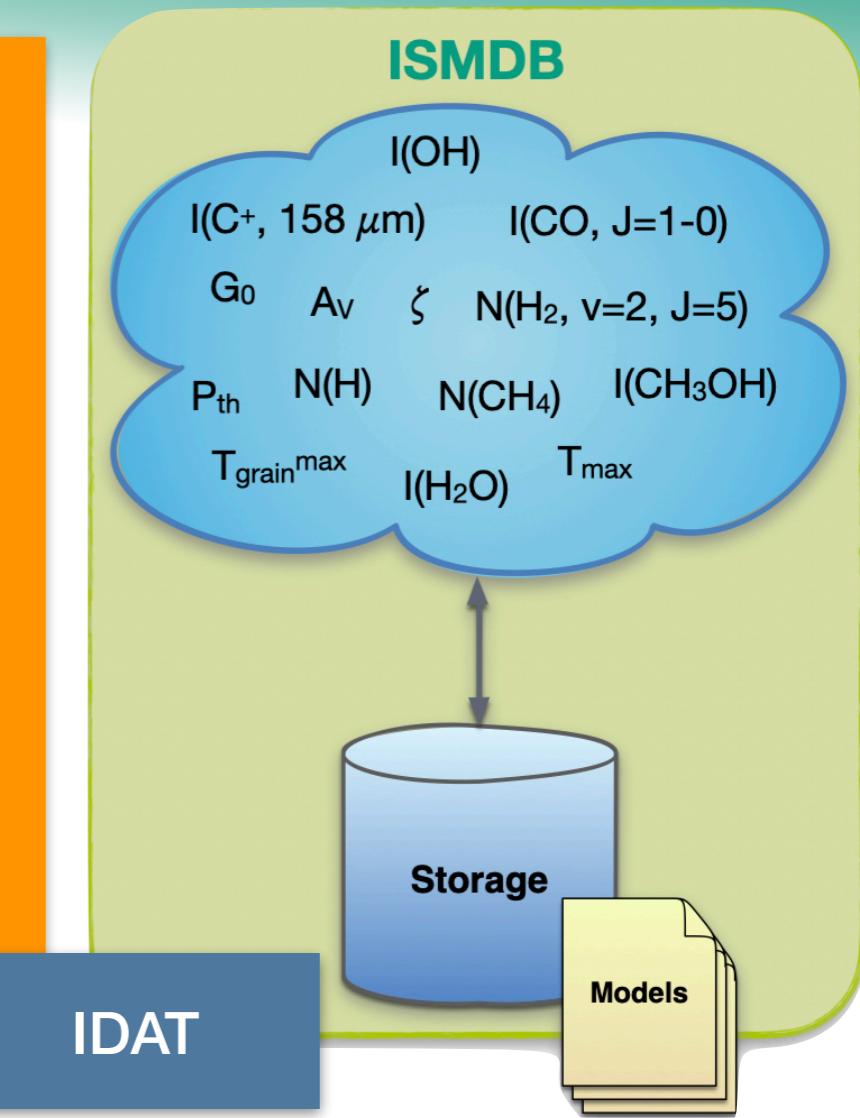
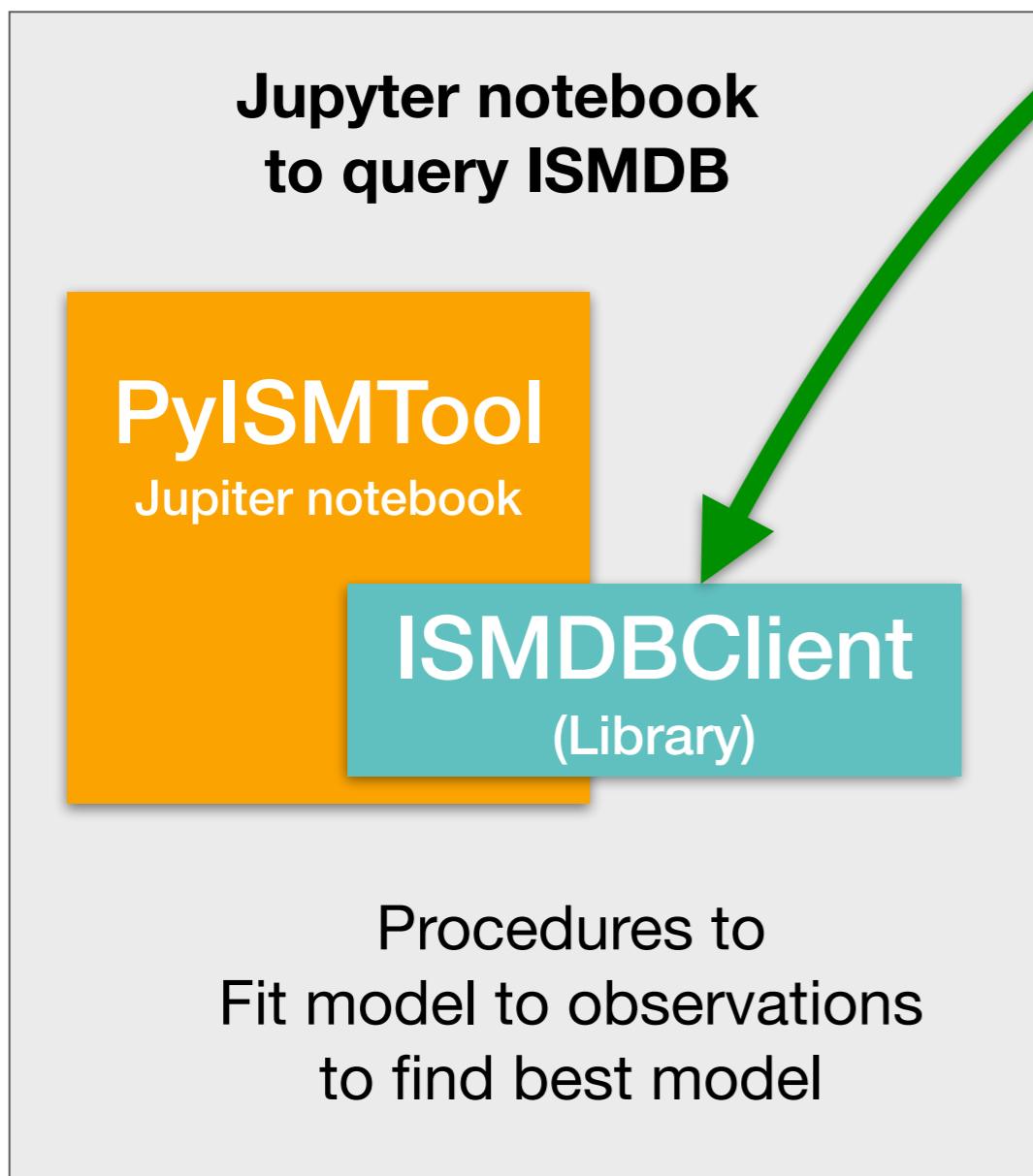


pyISMtools

Up to now : web applications

Advanced users want more flexibility

→ **python notebooks to interact with ISMDB**



```
[7]: # Reading a model grid from ISMDB (this might take a few tens of seconds)
grid_ID = "P7G1E20BG_P_240819"
```

```
observable_list = ["I(H2 v=1,J=2->v=0,J=0 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=3->v=0,J=1 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=4->v=0,J=2 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=5->v=0,J=3 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=6->v=0,J=4 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=7->v=0,J=5 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=8->v=0,J=6 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=9->v=0,J=7 angle 00 deg")
]
```

```
my_grid = ism.ismdb_api.get_grid(grid_ID,observable_list)
print(my_grid)
```

```
>> Subpart 1/2 extracted.
>> Subpart 2/2 extracted.
```

```
-----
```

```
Model grid
Grid ID : P7G1E20BG_P_240819      code version : Unknown code version
Number of models : 3054    number of parameters : 3      number of observables : 8
```

```
Parameters :
```

name	min_value	max_value	nb_values
Pressure	1.00E+03	1.00E+11	25
G0 stellar component	1.00E+00	1.00E+06	21
AVmax	1.00E+00	4.00E+01	8

```
Observables :
```

name	min_value	max_value
I(H2 v=1,J=2->v=0,J=0 angle 00 deg)	9.02E-14	3.58E-03
I(H2 v=1,J=3->v=0,J=1 angle 00 deg)	9.64E-13	1.63E-02
I(H2 v=1,J=4->v=0,J=2 angle 00 deg)	3.74E-13	5.95E-03
I(H2 v=1,J=5->v=0,J=3 angle 00 deg)	1.79E-12	1.60E-02
I(H2 v=1,J=6->v=0,J=4 angle 00 deg)	5.85E-13	4.21E-03
I(H2 v=1,J=7->v=0,J=5 angle 00 deg)	2.02E-12	8.73E-03
I(H2 v=1,J=8->v=0,J=6 angle 00 deg)	2.83E-13	1.79E-03
I(H2 v=1,J=9->v=0,J=7 angle 00 deg)	7.19E-13	2.92E-03

```
Additional infos :
```

```
No infos.
```

```
-----
```

```
No trained approximator yet for this grid.
```

Example :

Get some H₂ line intensities in all models of a grid

```
[7]: # Reading a model grid from ISMDB (this might take a few tens of seconds)
grid_ID = "P7G1E20BG_P_240819"

observable_list = ["I(H2 v=1,J=2->v=0,J=0 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=3->v=0,J=1 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=4->v=0,J=2 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=5->v=0,J=3 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=6->v=0,J=4 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=7->v=0,J=5 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=8->v=0,J=6 angle 00 deg)",
                   "I(H2 v=1,J=9->v=0,J=7 angle 00 deg")
]

my_grid = ism.ismdb_api.get_grid(grid_ID,observable_list)
print(my_grid)
```

>> Subpart 1/2 extracted.
>> Subpart 2/2 extracted.

Model grid
Grid ID : P7G1E20BG_P_240819 code version : Unknown code ve
Number of models : 3054 number of parameters : 3 number

Parameters :
name min_value max_value nb_values
Pressure 1.00E+03 1.00E+11 25
G0 stellar component 1.00E+00 1.00E+06 21
AVmax 1.00E+00 4.00E+01 8

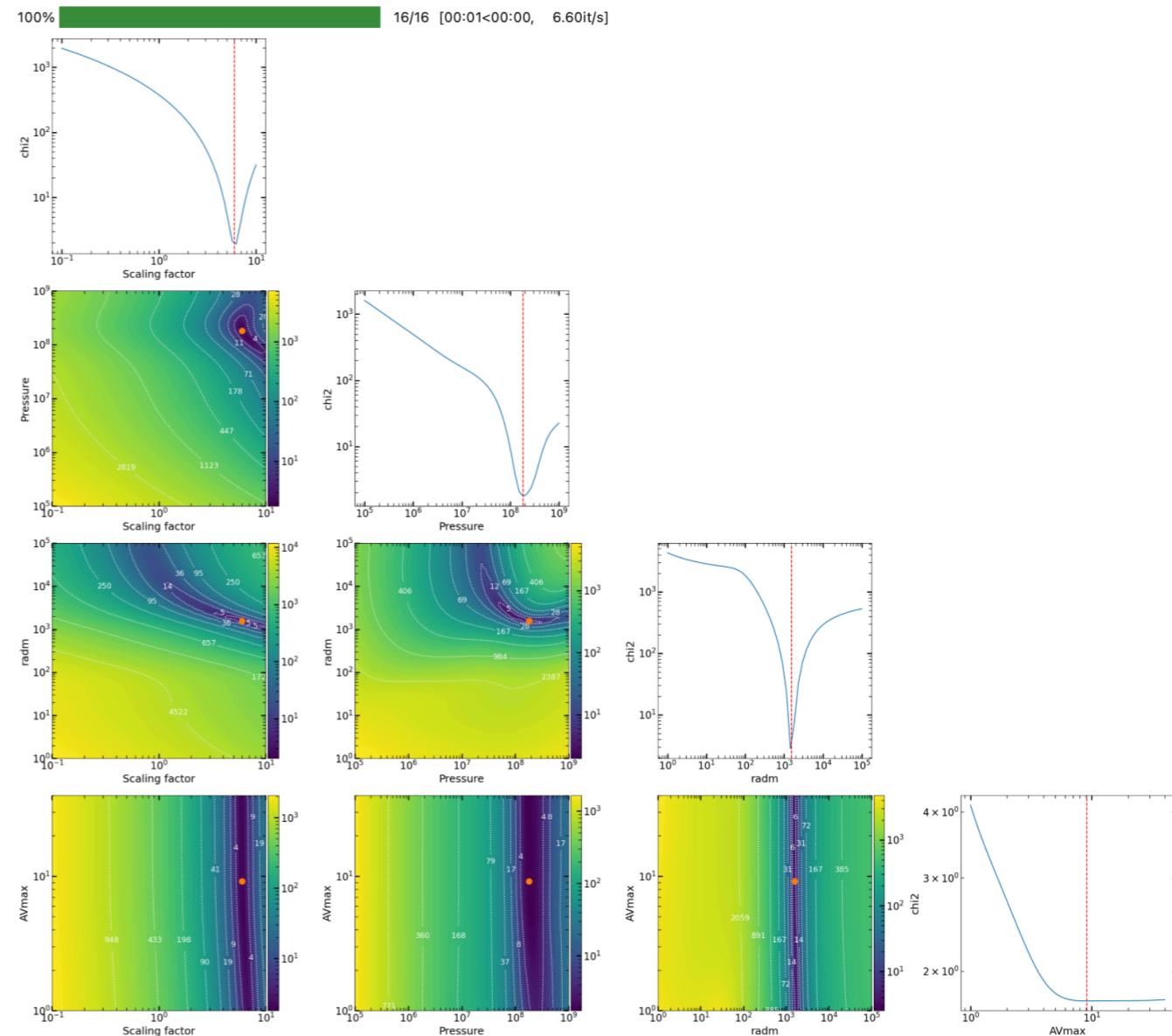
Observables :
name min_value max_value
I(H2 v=1,J=2->v=0,J=0 angle 00 deg) 9.02E-14 3.58E-03
I(H2 v=1,J=3->v=0,J=1 angle 00 deg) 9.64E-13 1.63E-02
I(H2 v=1,J=4->v=0,J=2 angle 00 deg) 3.74E-13 5.95E-03
I(H2 v=1,J=5->v=0,J=3 angle 00 deg) 1.79E-12 1.60E-02
I(H2 v=1,J=6->v=0,J=4 angle 00 deg) 5.85E-13 4.21E-03
I(H2 v=1,J=7->v=0,J=5 angle 00 deg) 2.02E-12 8.73E-03
I(H2 v=1,J=8->v=0,J=6 angle 00 deg) 2.83E-13 1.79E-03
I(H2 v=1,J=9->v=0,J=7 angle 00 deg) 7.19E-13 2.92E-03

Additional infos :

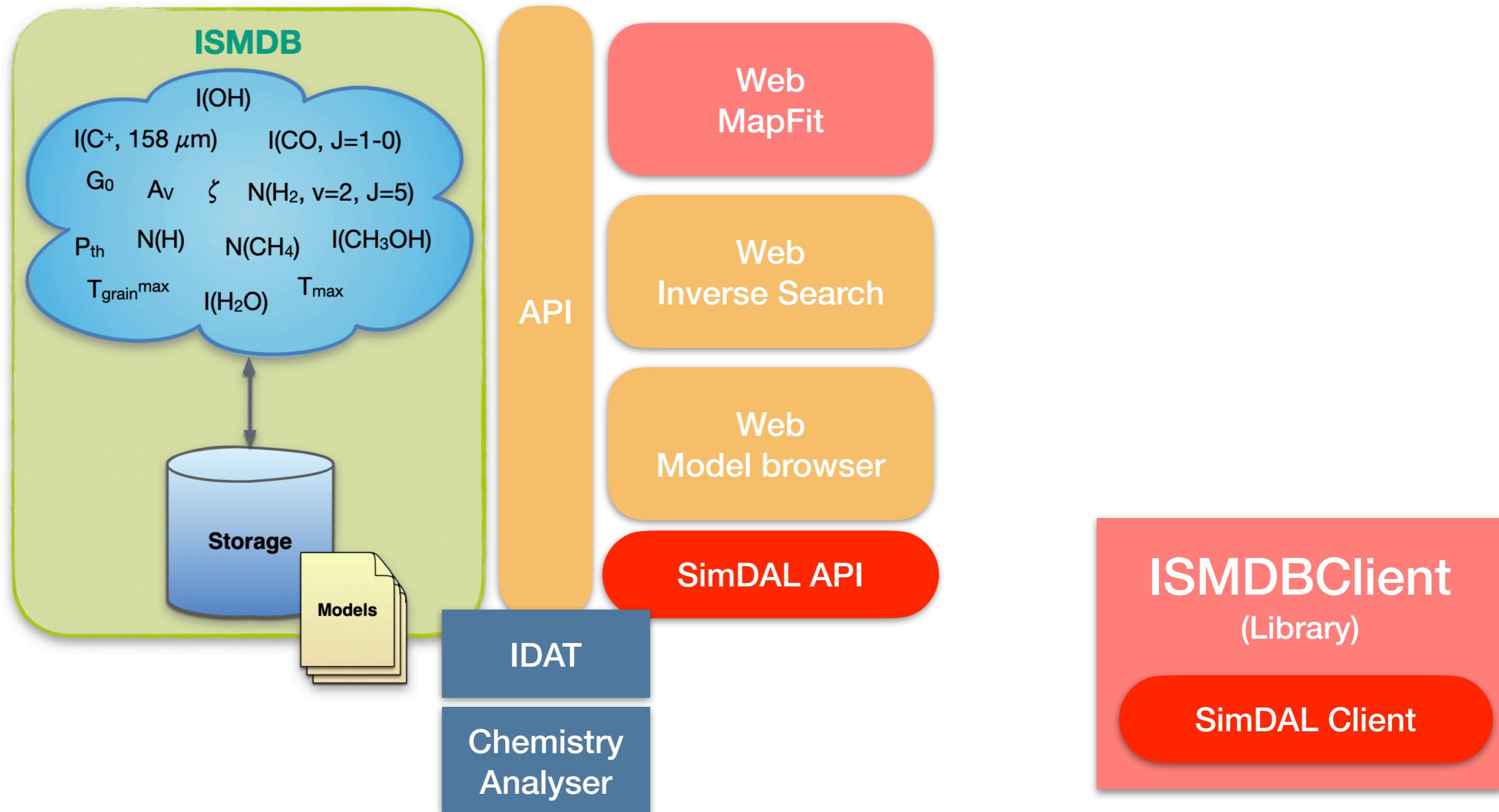
No infos.

No trained approximator yet for this grid.

```
[37]: # Plotting the chi2 maps in parameter space
ism.viz_tools.fit_quality_contour_plots(my_grid,JWST_OrionBar_PDR_obs,best_model2)
# we can save the figure to disk if necessary
plt.savefig("test_chi2_contour_plots.pdf")
```



Where we go



Towards a common interface to access all theoretical databases

